

The half-way mark in the 20th Century

He would not comment on the talks which were held between the mainland government and representatives of the Chinese Communist Government in China. He said that the Chinese Government had made it clear that it would not break the

INTRODUCING THE

NEW

GREY MAGIC

ROYAL

New
Colour

New
Look

New
Touch

New
Features



Finger
Form Keys

Clean
Ribbon
Change

Removable
Cylinder

Magic
Margin

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Specialists in Office Equipment

11, Charter Road Tel. 21022

Robin Hood
QUICK COOKING
Oats

*It's called
Favourite
BODY-
BUILDER*

Robin Hood
QUICK COOKING
Oats

PAN-DRIED FOR FINEST FLAVOR

the seeds of change are still there.

"The humanitarian idea is implicit in the principles of Rotary. In vocational and community service this Club will continue to make important contributions. From the standpoint of international service, the Rotary Club of Hong Kong has long recognized and utilized its unique opportunities to promote understanding and good will. This is the Object of Rotary, helping to bring about the conditions for lasting peace. It is worthy of the best efforts of all of us, individually and collectively. In our private lives and in our business and professional activities."

"Near the beginning of my remarks I quoted Extra M. Mr. Forster on the extinction of the future. From his other writings I feel that he used the word 'attraction' in a rather cynical sense. He has also suggested that what he calls the 'implacable offensive of Science' is at fault for the world's present confusion. I think not, and we could not arrest the progress of Science if we would. Let us make the best use of it, but let the humanitarian ideal always uppermost in our minds, and with the human race, that even in

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Bernick, Miss and Mrs. C. F. Tung, Miss and Mrs. S. L. Loo, Miss B. L. Kelly, Mrs. A. Manus, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Montz, Miss A. Miller, Miss B. L. Brown, Miss A. L. Murphy, A. Teitelbaum, Mr. J. L. C. Murphy, and B. T. Tishler.

New arrivals at the Peninsula Hotel on Monday included Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Henderson, Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Richards, Mr. and Mrs. M. Z. Zeller, Mrs. P. Cassidy and Mr. H. A. Cassidy.

Departures for Singapore yesterday by HOAC were Mr. and Mrs. M. A. J. Healy, D. O'Brien, Tim Jack, Jim Limstead, Mr. R. Nauben, and T. E. Jaffer.

RAINSTORM KILLS SEVEN IN JAPAN

Tokyo, January 31.—The Yamanashi press reports seven deaths and many persons missing in sudden rainstorm which swept Japan's last night.

Four deaths were caused by collapsing houses. One child was blown off a bridge in the northern district of Sendai, while a father

[illegible]

Siamese Consulate refuses to forward protest note by General Songkram

Happy Valley bus route

The China Motor Bus Co., Ltd. told the "China Mail" yesterday that, in fairness to residents at the far end of Happy Valley, conductors on alternate buses on the 8A route had been instructed to change the destination sign to read "Private" when reaching the Police Recreation Club at Happy Valley. These instructions did not apply, however, to buses on the No. 1 route.

Application for CNAC receivership

Major General William C. Donovan of the Civil Air Transport, Incorporated, will make the application for a receivership in respect of the China National Aviation Corporation at 11 o'clock this morning in open Court, it was learned yesterday.

This will come after the current hearing of the application for a provisional liquidator by Mr. M. A. da Silva on behalf of CNAC's American pilots, heard in the Chief Justice's chambers, which commenced on Monday.

It is understood that the application on behalf of CAT, Inc., will be made by Mr. Leo D'Almeida, KC, together with Mr. John McNeill and Mr. D. A. L. Lau.

Appearing for CNAC will be Mr. Eldon Potter, KC, Mr. Percy Chen, Mr. B. A. Bernachi and Mr. A. J. Clifford, instructed by Mr. G. S. Ford and Mr. A. S. K. Lau.

Obituary

Mr. W. F. Simmons

Mr. W. F. Simmons General Manager of the Hong Kong Tramways, Limited, died at his residence, No. 358, The Peak, on Monday night, at the age of 49.

Mr. Simmons was interned at Stanley during the war and had never completely recovered from the effects.

He had been confined to his residence by his doctor's orders since the tramways dispute began more than a month ago.

He joined the Tramways about 27 years ago and succeeded Mr. L. C. F. Bellamy as General Manager shortly after the end of the war.

He served on the Urban Council for a short period after the Liberation of the Colony.

His wife and daughter are in London.

Mr. C. F. Johnston, Assistant General Manager of the Tramway Company.

A tribute to Mr. Simmons was paid at the Urban Council meeting yesterday by Dr. J. P. Fehly, Chairman of the Council.

Dr. Fehly said that Mr. Simmons was always keenly interested in the welfare of his employees, and he asked members of the Council to stand for one minute as a mark of respect to his former colleague.

A funeral service will take place at St. John's Cathedral at 4.30 p.m. today. The cortege will pass the Monument at 5 p.m.

YMCA DEBATING SOCIETY

The weekly meeting of the YMCA Debating Society will take place tonight at 8.45 in the West Lounge of the European YMCA. Mr. P. Jenkins will speak on "Whaling in the Antarctic". All interested persons are invited to attend.

FOR BABY

Useful, lovely, baby items in pink and blue gift boxes: JAR & TRAY SETS, BOTTLE WARMERS, SPONGE & JAR SETS, COTTONTAILS & JAR SETS, THERMOMETER SETS, milk bath & room, NURSING BOTTLE SETS, ORANGE JUICE SETS, MEDICINE DROPPER, TOWEL SETS, BOTTLE & ROBE SETS.

THE EVERGREEN
300 Nathan Road, Kowloon

The Siamese Consulate in Hong Kong yesterday refused to forward a protest statement from the recently exiled Siamese Deputy Commander-in-Chief, General Kach Songkram.

An official of the Consulate said that they had received instructions from their Government not to co-operate with the ousted General, who arrived in Hong Kong under armed guard on Monday.

Mother's plea for return of son refused

A mother who yearned for the return of her six months' old son, Nip Ming-kwong, whom she had given away in June last year because she had no place to live, had her application for a review of the Court's decision made on January 25 refused by Mr. Thomas Tam at Central yesterday.

On January 25 when the foster parents were summoned for the return of the child the Court had decided that the boy should remain with the foster parents, Lau King-cheung and his wife, Cheung Kam-loon.

Asked by Mr. Tam on what grounds she sought a review of the Court's decision, the mother, the Foo-hing, said that at the time she gave the baby away she had no roof over her head. She could not keep the child so, she had given him to the foster parents who in turn gave her \$120 as "vinegar" or "lucky" money.

Li added that she had stipulated then that she would be allowed to visit the child at any time but lately both Lau and his wife had refused to allow her to enter their house to visit her son.

As she feared for the welfare of her son, Li added, she was now willing to repay the \$120 and also any amount which the foster parents deemed reasonable for taking care of the baby during the last six months.

Mr. Tam told Li that she had given up the child of her own free will. She had at the time been motivated by the desire for money. The child was now well cared for by the foster parents and so the Court did not see fit to have the decision reviewed.

Shopkeepers fined for overcharging

Fines ranging from \$50 to \$300 were imposed on 11 shopkeepers at the Justices of the Peace Court yesterday for overcharging and failing to affix price tags.

Wong Sun, of the Man Shang Store, Queen's Road East, was fined \$300 for selling a tin of margarine for \$3 (controlled price \$2.70) and for having no price tag.

Leung Hoi, of the Tai Hing Loong Shop, 3 O'Brien Road, Wanchai, was fined \$200 for selling a tin of bacon rashers at 10 cents above the controlled price.

The Masey Emporium, 103-105 Wanchai Road, was fined \$150 for selling a tin of quick cooking oats, Dunlop brand, for \$3.35, \$2 above the controlled price.

Stateless man sentenced for assault

Pleading guilty to a charge of assaulting a Chinese man, H.E. Bekekin, unemployed, was sentenced to 14 days imprisonment by Mr. A. D. Scholes at Central yesterday.

Defendant, according to the prosecution, assaulted Chan Yuk-tai on Monday night.

At 7 p.m. complainant was closing the gate at the Botanical Gardens when he saw defendant sitting inside the garden.

He flashed his torch on him and when complainant approached defendant, the latter hit out at him.

The prosecution stated that defendant had been in the Mental Home for some time and was not very stable mentally. Defendant was a Stateless person.

FORTHCOMING WEDDINGS

The forthcoming wedding have been announced at Little Church, Wood, merchant of YMCA, Kowloon, and Miss Marion Joyce Scott, nursing sister of Queen Mary Hospital, and Jean Delia, daughter of the Registrar, and Miss Alice Gomez.

At his hotel suite yesterday, the General was attempting to locate a Siamese secretary to prepare a protest statement to the Siamese Government.

On January 27, General Songkram was arrested, accused of plotting against the Government, and summarily deported by Government plane to Hong Kong.

He is on a 14-day visitor's visa, and police say that he has the same rights as any other visitor to the Colony.

Wants to go back

One unconfirmed report stated that the General was making arrangements to leave for the United States. However, he said on Tuesday that he wanted to return to Siam, and legally fight the charges of attacking and plotting against the Government.

He has contacted solicitors in Bangkok to take whatever legal action necessary to arrange his return to Siam.

General Songkram has not left his hotel room since his arrival on Monday, however, he is apparently not under armed guard or restraint.

Siamese Prime Minister Pibul Songkram is attempting to clear his Government of subversive elements to impress Western Nations—especially the United States—that he is in absolute control and worthy of economic and military aid, according to a highly informed foreign official in Hong Kong yesterday.

The official said that the United States has not looked with favour on Songkram since he ousted former Prime Minister Pridi in the November, 1947 coup d'etat.

Larceny of cable wire

Four men were charged before Mr. Thomas Tam at Central yesterday with the larceny of eight feet of cable wire at Stanley Gap Road, near Wongneichong Reservoir on January 29.

They were Li Hoi, aged 20, a blacksmith employed at the Tai Koo Dockyards, Fong Mau, aged 18, Chiu Wing, aged 20, and Li Chiu, aged 19.

Detective Sub-Inspector Hung said that four men with two others not in custody were seen by Police Constables. When the defendants saw the Police they began to run and Li Hoi and Fong Mau were caught. A hammer and two chisels and eight feet of cable were found near the scene.

Later the third and fourth defendants were arrested in Shaui-kiwan.

Li Hoi and Chiu Wing were sentenced to six months, and Fong Mau, who had a previous conviction for larceny, was sentenced to nine months and recommended for banishment.

The third was insufficient evidence against Chiu Wing, he was discharged.

Harbour tragedy recalled

An application by Inspector H. B. Dewar for the return of a camera to the owner, Mr. Braga, at present in Singapore, was granted by Mr. A. D. Scholes at Central yesterday.

The camera, according to Inspector Dewar, was fished out of the harbour by a Chinese some two months ago at Kennedy Road.

The man was charged with larceny by finding and was given the option of a fine of \$100 or one month in prison.

Inspector Dewar recalled the night 18 months ago when Mr. Braga was driving his car along the Praya in Kennedy Town when the car plunged into the harbour, drowning his daughter.

LEE BROTHERS' PHOTO CENTRE

Mr. Peter Dragon, well-known local photographer, has been appointed technical adviser to Lee Brothers' new Photo Centre at No. 8, d'Aguilar Street.

Lee Brothers are optical specialists established here since 1912. The firm plans to include a well-stocked film library at the Centre, movies, adventures, and travels.

In addition to a wide range of photographic services, the Centre will also have a large service for films, news reels, some movies, adventures, and travels catering specially for schools, clubs, and social gatherings.

Reminders

Today

Nine Dragons Services Club dancing class, 2.30 p.m.; Services spotlight, 9 p.m.
Toc H meeting, 50, Macdonnell Road, 8.30 p.m.
European YMCA Debating and Discussion Group meeting, 8.45 p.m.
Massed Services Band Concert, Police Sports Ground, Boundary Street, 8 p.m.
European YMCA Women's Section, Games Meeting, 10 p.m.

HK Badminton Association Championships Sub-Committee meeting, SCM Post Board Room, 5.30 p.m.
Services Dancing Classes, European YMCA, 6 p.m.
Sino-British Orchestra rehearsal, St. John's Cathedral hall, 6.15 p.m.

Coming Events

TOMORROW
Kowloon Rotary Club, luncheon, Peninsula Hotel, 12 p.m.
Y's Men Club, luncheon at Roof Garden, HK Hotel, 12.45 p.m.
HK Women's International Club, Whist Drive for Services, 7.30 p.m.
British Council weekly film show and talk by Mr. Yao Y. T. Helena May Institute, 5.30 p.m.

FRIDAY

Nine Dragons Services Club, Tombola, 8 p.m.

Court brevities

Charged before Mr. Hin-shing Lo at Central yesterday with housebreaking and committing a felony on January 2, Ho Sit-yiu alias Ngau Chai, aged 43, was remanded three days in Police custody.

It was alleged that Ho broke into the first floor office of Mr. F. Gray at Luna Park, Bay View on January 2 and stole HK\$13,000 and a Parker pen and pencil.

Detective Sub-Inspector Nicol is prosecuting while the defendant is not represented.

Telling defendant that though he might be an expert driver elsewhere, he must go through a certain period of instruction and possess a licence here before he could drive, Mr. James Wicks at Kowloon yesterday fined Lee Kuo-chi, merchant, of 41 Kadoola Avenue, \$175 for driving without a valid licence.

Defendant, who explained that he had been driving in Shanghai and America, was found driving without a licence in Peking Road on Monday.

Leung Chun-fai, shop keeper, was fined \$250 by Mr. James Wicks at Kowloon yesterday on a charge of obstructing the police in the performance of their duty in Cheungshawan Road on Monday. A charge of assaulting the police was dropped.

Defendant was alleged to have intervened when a hawk was being arrested for hawking without a licence.

A fine of \$25 each was imposed on nine couples by Mr. James Wicks at Kowloon yesterday for trespassing at the No. 8 Godown of the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company on Monday.

Defendants explained that they were told to go there to unload some goods.

For the unlawful possession of 13,290 pounds of ammonium sulphate, valued at \$2,300, Ip Kan, servant of Junk No. 1023, was fined \$250 by Mr. James Wicks at Kowloon yesterday.

Sub-Inspector Magyer said defendant was arrested on January 28 carrying the sulphate inside the Shun Fat Timber Yard at the foot of Pitt Street.

Defendant pleads guilty to forgery

Dodwell Francis Van Reyk, aged 32, office assistant, was remanded to 10.30 a.m. today by Mr. A. D. Scholes at Central yesterday when he pleaded guilty to a charge of forgery.

Defendant was alleged to have forged a cheque purporting to be a valuable property drawn on the Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank for sum of \$5,094.60.

Inspector Dewar asked for a remand as the police are still making enquiries.

Mr. J. C. Stewart was for the defence.

HK CHAMBER MUSIC CLUB

The Hong Kong Chamber Music Club will present a concert at the Ku Tong San Gymnasium, Hong Kong University, at 8.15 p.m. on February 6.

Miss Blanca H. Renner will play a number of pianoforte selections. The programme will include: Sonata, C major, Op. 63 (Waldstein), (L. V. Beethoven); Allegro, con brio, in E major, Op. 10, No. 3 (Chopin); Nocturne, E minor, Op. 9, No. 3 (Chopin); Nocturne, C minor, Op. 9, No. 2 (Chopin); Nocturne, F major, Op. 9, No. 1 (Chopin); Nocturne, G major, Op. 9, No. 4 (Chopin).

Thirteen ships bring cargo to Hong Kong

More than 31,000 tons of cargo were brought to Hong Kong by 13 ocean-going ships yesterday, coming from various ports.

Three British blockade runners discharged only some 3,000 tons, which comprised the only cargo coming from the Communist ports—the ss. Ethel Moller had 130 tons from Amoy, the ss. Admiral Hardy had 2,226 tons from Tsing-tao, and the ss. Choyhsang from Tientsin had about 1,000 tons.

Cargo in transit totalled 5,633 tons. The remainder will be unloaded into local godowns.

Conspicuous among the varied lot of commercial goods arriving here were light diesel fuel, coal and lumber.

The Chinese motor vessel Chong Tung arrived with 1,845 tons of coal from Samarinda—all to be discharged here. The Amoy-registered vessel is owned by the Sino-Burma Shipping Company of Rangoon.

It is believed that the 2,782-ton freighter is the first Chinese ship plying on the Hong Kong-Rangoon route to arrive here.

The Burmese ships, Chit Lam and Chit Sen, are the only two Rangoon ships calling here on this route.

The British freighter Kampar brought 1,700 tons of charcoal and firewood and lumber from the Straits.

The Canadian vessel, Lake Shawanigan arrived from the United States with 4,122 tons of flour, cement and paper—all for the Colony.

Some 2,300 tons of fuel were discharged here by the Panamanian tanker Gray Harbor, which arrived from the Persian Gulf yesterday.

New BI ship on maiden run

The 48th addition to the British India Fleet—the single-screw motor ship Chandpara—will begin her maiden trip to the Far East shortly from the United Kingdom.

Built by Barclay Curle and Company, The Chandpara, which is of the 9,000-ton open shelter-deck type, completed her trials last December.

She has five cargo holds, which have space for 100,000 cubic feet of refrigerated cargo, and are served by 16 derricks distributed over the five hatches.

In addition there are two heavy derricks, capable of lifting 30 and 20 tons respectively.

Accommodation is provided for 12 passengers in four two-berth and four single-berth cabins which are provided with cot beds, wardrobes and dressing tables.

Each cabin has a private bathroom attached. For use of the passengers and a spacious lounge with bar and a dining room.

The ship's officers have well-furnished cabins and a comfortable smoke-room. The crew's quarters are aft. They have separate galleys and mess rooms.

At the helm of the latest addition to the BI fleet is Mr. A. D. Davies.

Juvenile gets another chance

A juvenile named So Shing, 16, was arrested last night on a charge of being a destitute, and appeared in the Juvenile Court on January 30 before Mr. J. Wicks.

After inquiries had been made by the Juvenile Case Worker, Mr. Chung Weik Koi, representing the Hong Kong Juvenile Case Centre, Mr. Chung asked the magistrate to allow the case to be remanded one day until Mr. F. K. D'Almeida Castro could hear the case at the Juvenile Court in Kowloon.

The charge was read and explained, and Mr. Chung reported to the magistrate that the parents of the juvenile were farmers in the country.

He said that the boy's father died when the boy was 10, and that his mother brought him to the Colony where he worked as an earth cooler.

Last year his mother died, and then the boy began begging in the streets, and was subsequently arrested.

Mr. Chung urged that the magistrate not deport the boy, but rather allow him to go to the orphanage in Tai Po.

The magistrate agreed with Mr. Chung's recommendation, and the boy was placed in the orphanage.

CEYLON ASS'N ANNUAL MEETING

The second annual meeting of the Ceylon (Sri Lanka) Association of Hong Kong will be held in the Green Room of the Peninsula Hotel on Saturday, at 4 p.m.

The Association is to hold an Independence Day dinner at the residence of Mr. Markar, 47, (top floor) Wanchai Street (off Jordan Road), between the Jordan Hotel and the Hong Kong Printing Press, on Saturday, at 7.30 p.m.

The dinner is requested to inform the Secretary, Mr. V. A. de Silva, of the Ceylon Association, 10, Queen's Road, Kowloon, and Mr. J. C. Stewart, of the Hong Kong Chamber Music Club, 10, Queen's Road, Kowloon.

British Council lecture

Mr. G. B. Endacott, lecturer in history at the University of Hong Kong, delivered the third lecture in his series on English Social History at the British Council hall yesterday afternoon.

As usual, the attendance was large.

Mr. Endacott's subject yesterday dealt with the Grand Aristocracy of Great Britain after the golden age of Queen Elizabeth. He discussed the Augustan age, which gave birth to the English Square.

Mr. Endacott said grand aristocracy was responsible for the noblest types of British architecture, and explained how the Glorious Revolution occurred and how it was followed by the great Bill of Rights, signed in 1689.

The lecturer then spoke of the advent of the Whigs and the Tories and gave a graphic description of the fabulous lives they led.

As they reached unlimited power, the Scottish differences with England tended to increase, and Bonnie Prince Charlie appeared on the stage of history.

Mr. Endacott supplied illuminating notes on the tragedy of Ireland, and how it came about, and its underlying causes.

The talk ended on the growth of English craftsmanship and British expansion overseas.

The fourth talk in this series will be given next Tuesday at 5.30 p.m. at the British Council lecture hall, Statue Square. Mr. Endacott will discuss the Industrial Revolution.

Urban Council meeting

The bi-monthly meeting of the Urban Council yesterday rejected three applications for food shop licences.

The application for a licence for a food shop at 31 Fei Ho Street was rejected on the grounds that the premises are used as a tenement floor. As a sub-tenant, the Council said, the applicant is not in control of the floor.

Applications for licences to operate a food shop at 39 Jordan Road and 15 Battery Street were rejected for the same reason.

Present at yesterday's meeting in addition to Dr. Fehly were: Dr. G. I. Shaw, Acting Deputy Director of Health Services; Mr. B. C. K. Hawkins, Secretary for Chinese Affairs; Mr. E. A. Boyce, Director of Public Works; Mr. D. W. Macintosh, Commissioner of Police; Mr. A. J. Arnold; Mr. B. Wong Tsao; Mr. M. W. Lo; Mr. Ngan Shing-kwan; Dr. A. M. Rodrigues; and Mr. N. B. M. Whitely, Secretary of the Urban Council.

During the second half of January the Council issued one licence for an aerated water factory, one licence for a food factory, two permits for food preserving establishments, three permits for food shops, five licences for laundries, one for a milk shop, three for restaurants, and three for cooked or roast meat shops.

Voting in UK Elections

Only persons registered on the current Register of Electors are entitled to vote in the forthcoming General Elections in Britain. It was officially stated yesterday.

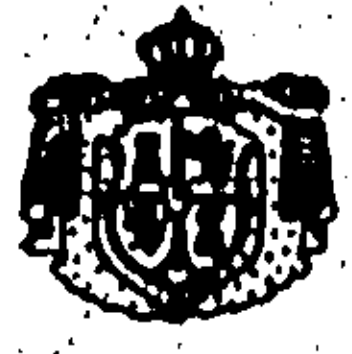
The statement was made in view of the general misapprehension on the part of local residents regarding their voting rights.

The statement added that only persons entitled to be included in that Register are those who are British subjects of full age who were residents of the United Kingdom on June 10, 1949, or members of the Armed Forces and Crown Servants serving abroad on that date, residing with them who have made service declaration on or before June 10, 1949.

There is no provision in the Representation of the People Act for the inclusion of Crown Servants who have been abroad since June 10, 1949, and who have not made service declaration on or before June 10, 1949.

HUNT'S SHERRY

PRODUCE OF SPAIN.



MADURO

SHIPPED SOLELY BY

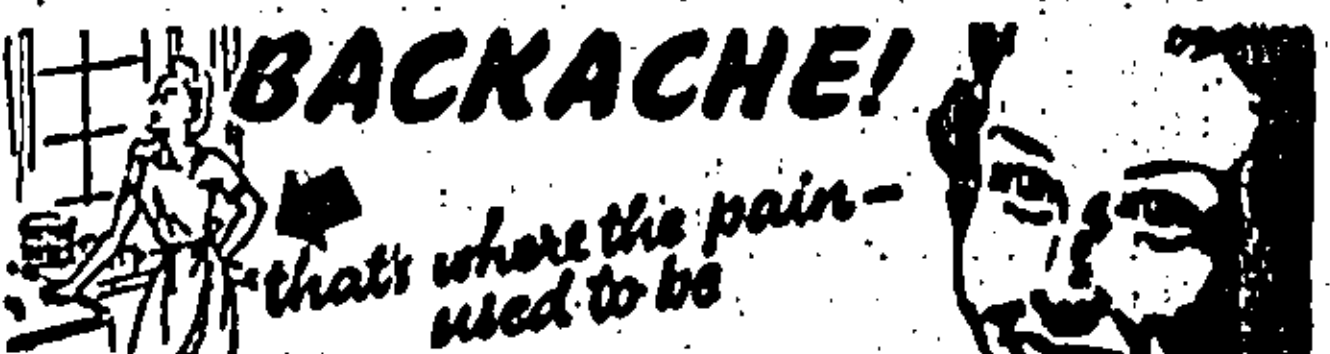
HUNT, ROOPE & CO. FROM JEREZ DE LA FRONTERA.

Sole Agent:

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Queen's Building.

Tel. 20636



But not now thanks to DE WITT'S PILLS - they got to the root of the trouble in no time, and now housework and shopping are a pleasure once again.

De WITT'S PILLS
For Kidney and Bladder Troubles

NOW! PROOF that brushing teeth right after eating with

COLGATE DENTAL CREAM HELPS STOP TOOTH DECAY!

Exhaustive Research by Eminent Dental Authorities Proves How Using Colgate Dental Cream Helps Stop Tooth Decay Before It Starts!

NOW dental science offers proof that always brushing teeth with Colgate's right after eating helps stop tooth decay before it starts! Proof—based on hundreds of case histories, two years of continuous research at leading universities—the most conclusive proof in all dentifrice research on tooth decay.

Under the direction of eminent dental authorities, one group of college men and women always brushed their teeth with Colgate Dental Cream right after eating, while another group followed their usual dental care. The average of the group using Colgate's as directed was a startling reduction in number of cavities—for less tooth decay! The other group developed new cavities at a much higher rate.

Modern research shows tooth decay is caused by mouth acids which are at their worst after meals or snacks. When you brush your teeth with Colgate Dental Cream right after eating, you help remove acids before they can harm enamel. And Colgate's penetrating foam reaches cavities in teeth where food particles often lodge.

No claim is made that using Colgate's can stop all tooth decay, or help cavities already started. But brushing teeth right after eating is the proved way to help stop tooth decay with Colgate Dental Cream.

NO OTHER DENTIFRICE OFFERS PROOF OF THESE RESULTS

COLGATE



The Most Conclusive Proof in All Dentifrice Research On Tooth Decay!

The Colgate's now at your dealer's is the same formula used in the tests. Colgate's contains all the necessary ingredients, including an exclusive ingredient, for effective daily dental care. No risk of irritation to tissues and gums. And no change in flavor, foam, or cleansing action.

No claim is made that using

By Dick Turner

[illegible]

A black and white cartoon illustration by Al Hirschfeld. On the left, a woman in a light-colored dress and a hat looks surprised or concerned. In the center, a man in a dark suit and hat holds a vacuum cleaner. To his right, another man in a dark suit and hat holds a box labeled 'VACUUM CLEANER'. They are standing in a room with a doorway in the background. The artist's signature 'Al Hirschfeld' is in the bottom left corner, and the number '9-10' is next to it. At the bottom, there is a copyright notice: 'COPY, 1946 BY NEA SERVICE, INC., N. Y. N. REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.'

It's probably caused by excess acid in your stomach. This often leads to frequent attacks of flatulence, heartburn and other stomach disorders. What you need is a reliable remedy like •BISMAG® (short for "Bismarck Magnesia") because it has a neutralizing effect and assists the normal functions of the stomach. I recommend "BISMAG" to all sufferers from these stomach troubles. Try it today, you'll find it brings you quick relief.

YOU NEED BISMAG

1. Name of the person	John Doe
2. Address	123 Main St, New York, NY 10001
3. Date of birth	01/01/1950
4. Sex	Male
5. Height	5' 10"
6. Weight	180 lbs
7. Eye color	Blue
8. Hair color	Brown
9. Education	High School Graduate
10. Occupation	Software Engineer
11. Marital status	Single
12. Number of children	0
13. Date of last contact	06/15/2023
14. Reason for last contact	Family reunion
15. Date of next contact	08/01/2023
16. Reason for next contact	Business meeting
17. Date of previous contact	05/01/2023
18. Reason for previous contact	Personal call
19. Date of next contact	09/01/2023
20. Reason for next contact	Work project
21. Date of previous contact	04/01/2023
22. Reason for previous contact	Family call
23. Date of next contact	10/01/2023
24. Reason for next contact	Work project
25. Date of previous contact	03/01/2023
26. Reason for previous contact	Family call
27. Date of next contact	11/01/2023
28. Reason for next contact	Work project
29. Date of previous contact	02/01/2023
30. Reason for previous contact	Family call
31. Date of next contact	12/01/2023
32. Reason for next contact	Work project
33. Date of previous contact	01/01/2023
34. Reason for previous contact	Family call
35. Date of next contact	01/01/2024
36. Reason for next contact	Work project
37. Date of previous contact	12/01/2023
38. Reason for previous contact	Family call
39. Date of next contact	02/01/2024
40. Reason for next contact	Work project
41. Date of previous contact	11/01/2023
42. Reason for previous contact	Family call
43. Date of next contact	03/01/2024
44. Reason for next contact	Work project
45. Date of previous contact	10/01/2023
46. Reason for previous contact	Family call
47. Date of next contact	04/01/2024
48. Reason for next contact	Work project
49. Date of previous contact	09/01/2023
50. Reason for previous contact	Family call
51. Date of next contact	05/01/2024
52. Reason for next contact	Work project
53. Date of previous contact	08/01/2023
54. Reason for previous contact	Family call
55. Date of next contact	06/01/2024
56. Reason for next contact	Work project
57. Date of previous contact	07/01/2023
58. Reason for previous contact	Family call
59. Date of next contact	07/01/2024
60. Reason for next contact	Work project
61. Date of previous contact	06/01/2023
62. Reason for previous contact	Family call
63. Date of next contact	08/01/2024
64. Reason for next contact	Work project
65. Date of previous contact	05/01/2023
66. Reason for previous contact	Family call
67. Date of next contact	09/01/2024
68. Reason for next contact	Work project
69. Date of previous contact	04/01/2023
70. Reason for previous contact	Family call
71. Date of next contact	10/01/2024
72. Reason for next contact	Work project
73. Date of previous contact	03/01/2023
74. Reason for previous contact	Family call
75. Date of next contact	11/01/2024
76. Reason for next contact	Work project
77. Date of previous contact	02/01/2023
78. Reason for previous contact	Family call
79. Date of next contact	12/01/2024
80. Reason for next contact	Work project
81. Date of previous contact	01/01/2023
82. Reason for previous contact	Family call
83. Date of next contact	01/01/2025
84. Reason for next contact	Work project
85. Date of previous contact	12/01/2022
86. Reason for previous contact	Family call
87. Date of next contact	02/01/2025
88. Reason for next contact	Work project
89. Date of previous contact	11/01/2022
90. Reason for previous contact	Family call
91. Date of next contact	03/01/2025
92. Reason for next contact	Work project
93. Date of previous contact	10/01/2022
94. Reason for previous contact	Family call
95. Date of next contact	04/01/2025
96. Reason for next contact	Work project
97. Date of previous contact	09/01/2022
98. Reason for previous contact	Family call
99. Date of next contact	05/01/2025
100. Reason for next contact	Work project
101. Date of previous contact	08/01/2022
102. Reason for previous contact	Family call
103. Date of next contact	06/01/2025
104. Reason for next contact	Work project
105. Date of previous contact	07/01/2022
106. Reason for previous contact	Family call
107. Date of next contact	07/01/2025
108. Reason for next contact	Work project
109. Date of previous contact	06/01/2022
110. Reason for previous contact	Family call
111. Date of next contact	08/01/2025
112. Reason for next contact	Work project
113. Date of previous contact	05/01/2022
114. Reason for previous contact	Family call
115. Date of next contact	09/01/2025
116. Reason for next contact	Work project
117. Date of previous contact	04/01/2022
118. Reason for previous contact	Family call
119. Date of next contact	10/01/2025
120. Reason for next contact	Work project
121. Date of previous contact	03/01/2022
122. Reason for previous contact	Family call
123. Date of next contact	11/01/2025
124. Reason for next contact	Work project
125. Date of previous contact	02/01/2022
126. Reason for previous contact	Family call
127. Date of next contact	12/01/2025
128. Reason for next contact	Work project
129. Date of previous contact	01/01

OPENS TODAY **Queens** At 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

MY DREAM IS YOURS

DORIS DAY

JACK CARSON

LEE BOWMAN

MICHAEL CURTIZ

TECHNICOLOR

ADOLPHE MENJOU

EVE ARDEN

S.Z. SAKALL

ROXY

CAUSEWAY BAY Tel. 26626

FINAL SHOWING TODAY

AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

From the heart of its people comes the

CRY OF THE CITY

Starring **RICHARD MATURE** and **CONTE**

Directed by **ROBERT SIODMAN**

Produced by **SOL C. SIEGEL**

Screen Play by **Richard Maibaum**

From a Novel by **Henry Edward Helms**

TOMORROW

Return engagement by popular Request, for one day only

"ROAD HOUSE"

MAJESTIC

SHOWING TODAY

AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

BEWARE THIS LOVE!

It flames into a thing of savage vengeance!

CHARLES BOYER

ALDOUS HUXLEY'S

A WOMAN'S VENGEANCE

ANN BLYTH and **JESSICA TANDY**

NEXT CHANGE AT THE KING'S

BONNIE PRINCE CHARLIE

CRISS CROSS

BROADWAY

SHOWING TODAY

AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

STEWART GRANGER

EDWIGE FEUILLERE

Woman Hater

ROMA SQUIRE and **JEANNE DE CASALIS**

MARY JEROLD

NEXT CHANGE AT THE KING'S

BONNIE PRINCE CHARLIE

INDIA'S MIDDLE OF THE ROAD POLICY DEFENDED BY NEHRU

New Delhi, January 30.

Pandit Nehru, the Prime Minister of India, said today that his country, in refusing to identify herself either with Soviet or Western ideological aims, is simply being true to her own view, which she regards as anything but negative.

Dr. Bunche on racial prejudice

New York, January 30.

Dr. Ralph Bunche, former United Nations Palestine mediator, said today that Cordell Hull, former Secretary of State, personally intervened on his behalf when two or three high-ranking officials in the State Department tried to block his appointment to the Department because of his colour.

Writing in the February issue of the "American" magazine, Dr. Bunche said he believed racial prejudice nearly blocked his assignment to the Department, which became the springboard to his present post as United Nations Trusteeship Director.

"In the months since my name had been proposed," he said, "two or three high-ranking officials in the State Department had tried to block the appointment because of my race."

Dr. Bunche's sponsors, however, brought the matter to Mr. Hull's attention and he "listened to the objections, received an account of my qualifications, and then his famed Tennessee temper flared into invective, and so I was appointed—the first negro to hold a desk job in the State Department."

Dr. Bunche wrote that racial and religious intolerance in America make a mockery of both the constitution and charter of the United Nations.

"Conditions in our nation's capital are scandalous," he added. "I wish to see the country fulfil its promise to all its people."—United Press.

Communists clash with police force

Bari, Italy, January 30.

Fifteen thousand Communist-led demonstrators clashed with the police during a two-hour general strike at nearby Barietta today.

Thirty-three persons were injured, three seriously. A policeman was critically injured when hit in the head by a stone and two demonstrators were in serious condition from truncheon blows on their heads.

The police fired several volleys in the air and used tear-gas bombs against the demonstrators, who attacked the police with a hail of stones.

Workers struck and demonstrated against the closing of the local Montecatini works. Demonstrators were dispersed and order restored, while several arrests were made.—United Press.

Four killed in Jokubu gun battle

Accra, Gold Coast, January 30.

Four people were killed and nine were wounded in a gun battle between police and villagers at Jokubu, a few miles South of Kumasi today.

Two police platoons approaching the village were ambushed by armed villagers and one policeman was killed and four were wounded.

The casualties were: One policeman killed and four hurt, and three villagers killed and five hurt.

The police used tear-gas and opened fire on the villagers, which caused most of the casualties, although one man was killed by a blow from a police baton.

The village, in the Bekwai Division of Ashanti, has been a trouble centre for some time over a dispute between the villagers and the Bekwai Chief and there was a clash with the police in October.

The police were returning with warrants for the arrest of two men who had fired at them earlier when they were ambushed.—Reuter.

CARDINAL APPEALS FOR JUSTICE

London, January 30.

Cardinal Griffin, Catholic Archbishop of Westminster, tonight urged British Catholics to press for justice of the claim for a settlement of the Catholic schools candidates to General Election.

The Catholics have long complained that school reorganisation and building, estimated at £10,000,000 under the 1944 Education Act, will now cost nearer £20,000,000.—Reuter.

He rejected a Western "tendency" to interpret the statement of Indian foreign policy as negative in the sense of being unrealistically neutral in the conflict between Communism and non-Communism or as isolationist.

Recent public statements of India's aims, with insistence on the elimination of poverty, ignorance and discrimination, are justifiably considered here as a policy which is as positive as anything the rest of the world has to offer provided they are energetically put into practice.

Mr. Nehru is far too experienced to contest the fact that political and economic developments in any one country or region can go on unhindered by what is happening elsewhere. It is merely that India, whose foreign and domestic policies alike, are a natural growth of respect for nationalism, desires for the present to avoid any suggestion of compulsory integration into a system under which she is not mistress of her own destinies.

The Prime Minister made these points to a visiting pressman from London during an informal talk on some aspects of Indian foreign policy frequently misinterpreted by political commentators, he was speaking as Foreign Minister.

As Prime Minister he has had to refuse individual interviews to the press on the occasion of the Republic's inauguration, because of sheer pressure of work. The interview he has just given was during an hour snatched between his round of public functions and his even heavier daily programme of Ministerial business.

Help welcomed

Mr. Nehru said that help from friends will be welcomed on the condition that it respects this essential principle of self-determination.

As expounded by Mr. Nehru, India's current policy shows no real conflict with the judgment passed at the end of the Commonwealth conference at Colombo by Mr. Lester Pearson, Canada's External Affairs Minister, who said that isolationism in the world today, whether national or regional, was no longer a physical possibility.

Mr. Nehru acknowledges that the future of South East Asia will be powerfully influenced by developments both in China and India. But he refuses to be dogmatic as to the form this influence will take until it becomes clearer how the new India and the new China merge in the pattern of the changing world.

Mr. Nehru realises that China in embracing Communism has undergone a change more drastic than India's transition from the old order to the new—because the Chinese move represents a more thorough-going break with national traditions.

But, as Mr. Nehru has previously stated, it remains to be seen how much traditional Chinese characteristics will maintain themselves within the framework of the new revolutionary economy.

Mr. Nehru does not consider anti-Communism an end in itself, either at home or in the international field. He admits that the Communist theory (as distinct from the practices of Communist states operating in the field of power politics) will always appeal to the underprivileged.

Consequently, India prefers to concentrate on the positive approach of removing economic and social breeding-grounds of Communism rather than to declare herself a member of an anti-Communist bloc or front. In spite of the hostile tone of Moscow and Peking Radios towards India's present leaders, Pandit Nehru shows no inclination to be drawn into a verbal slanging match with the Cominform or on an international propaganda plane.

India's basic theory of respect for national aspirations has been the foundation of her support for the Republican cause in Indonesia. Mr. Nehru sees in the present relationship between Indonesia and the Netherlands the promise of a satisfactory solution of outstanding problems.

Sympathetic interest There can be no doubt that India will continue to take a sympathetic interest in the problems of her sister Republic. Direct intervention in the Indonesian negotiations, for which President Sukarno seemed to appeal to India in a speech made during his State visit to Delhi, which ended yesterday, is another question. The President asked for India's support for Indonesia's claim for the speedy incorporation of New Guinea into the United States of Indonesia.

Especially after the new relationship between The Hague and Jakarta (Batavia) after the transfer of power, it is unlikely that India will wish to go further than her existing policy of moral support by a sympathetic interest in the Indonesian negotiations.

In Indo China, Mr. Nehru is inclined to compare France's present attitude to the stage of British policy in India immediately before the Labour Government's final decision to cut the knot by setting a firm date for unconditional withdrawal.

Until a parallel decision is taken, and publicly announced in Paris, India continues to think that Bao Dai, head of the Vietnam State, will labour under the handicap of association with the old tradition of French colonialism.

It is no secret that the Indian view of the situation in Indo China is coloured by the French Government's policy on a Pondicherry plebiscite.

Indian opinion regards the maintenance of foreign settlements on Indian territory as an anachronism under the new dispensation, but the Government had hoped that in the cases of both Goa and the French possessions the question could be amicably settled without either undue haste or undue delay.

It feels that its offer to maintain a strong French cultural link in Pondicherry left the way clear for a generous approach to the whole question, which had been marred by the French attitude in Pondicherry.

More serious is the fact that these provide an irritant which keeps alive Indian misgivings as to France's real long-term intentions towards Indo China independence.

It remains to be seen whether ratification of the Franco-Vietnam agreement by the French Assembly, announced here today, will in any way modify the existing Indian reservations.—Reuter.

Principle of free Jewish immigration

Jerusalem, January 30.

The principle of free Jewish immigration to Israel for every Jew who wants to come remains valid, a Jewish Agency spokesman told the Associated Press today.

The spokesman was asked about the result of a number of recent conferences with the Agency and Israeli government regarding the topical problem of free, regulated or restricted immigration.

He said the Agency's \$40,000,000 annual budget, (mainly derived from voluntary contributions of Jews the world over) would enable continued organisation of Jewish immigration at the present rate of from 12,000 to 14,000 monthly, including provision of transport and maintenance and improvement of Israeli reception camps for newcomers prior to their more permanent housing and at least partial absorption in the economic life of the country. At present the Israeli transit camps are occupied by an average of 80,000.

The spokesman added that should immigration rise above the present level, financial responsibility for the problem would rest with the Israeli state, local communities, trade unions and other local bodies which hitherto have assisted newcomers, mostly after the initial stages only.

Other problems referring to relations with the Jewish Agency and the Israeli State are to be dealt with by a special sub-committee elected at the Jewish Agency Executive meeting in Jerusalem just ended.

The matter may come up again at the next world Zionist Congress scheduled for Jerusalem in December, 1950.—Associated Press.

TOLL IN KASHMIR TRAIN DISASTER

Amble, Punjab, January 30.

The death toll in the Kashmir rail train disaster yesterday, one of a worst in Indian railway history, today reached 35 as more bodies were recovered from the debris and five more people died in hospital.

The number of military dead was placed at 35. They were being buried today in a "good" train. The accident occurred when a mail train collided with a goods train at the station. The goods train was carrying a large quantity of explosives. The explosion caused the mail train to derail and catch fire. The fire spread to the goods train, which was also derailed. The explosion killed 35 people, including 30 soldiers and five civilians. Five more people died in hospital. The train was carrying 1,000 passengers. The train was delayed for several days. The railway authorities are investigating the cause of the accident. The train was carrying a large quantity of explosives. The explosion caused the mail train to derail and catch fire. The fire spread to the goods train, which was also derailed. The explosion killed 35 people, including 30 soldiers and five civilians. Five more people died in hospital. The train was carrying 1,000 passengers. The train was delayed for several days. The railway authorities are investigating the cause of the accident.

Canadians look to air defence

Ottawa, Ontario, January 30.

The vast land area of Canada, the world's second largest country, may one day become a network of air raid alarm and radar warning stations.

Such a possibility was seen by the Defence Minister Mr. Brooke Claxton.

Warned by the increasing dangers from air assault, Mr. Claxton has proposed a radar warning system to cover all vital air approaches and important areas, with possible nerve centres at Vancouver, Winnipeg, and Montreal.

First step in the Defence Minister's plan was the decision to produce new high-powered radar equipment in Canada.

Mr. Claxton believes this move will give the nation's electronics manufacturers experience and capacity invaluable in the event of a national emergency.

Cost of construction of an early radar warning station would be about \$3,000,000, Mr. Claxton estimated.

Under the proposed scheme, transmission stations would be built at Dawson City, Mayo, Cambridge Bay, Baker Lake, Sawmill Bay, Yellowknife, and Ennadai Lake, all in Canada's great Yukon and North West Territories.

Obviously, these stations would be located to warn against possible air attacks from the Soviet Union.

Short distance

Soviet-based long-range bombers from the Kuriles and Vladivostok on Russia's Pacific seaboard are within relatively easy striking distance of Vancouver and Prince Rupert in British Columbia.

Mr. Claxton said the proposed system would link up with cross-Canada teletype communications.

"Radar screens and other sources of intelligence are of little use unless the information obtained is communicated promptly to an operational unit which can take effective action," Mr. Claxton summed up.

Canada's Defence Minister foresaw widespread diversionary air raids, designed to panic North America into diverting a disproportionate amount of effort into passive, local defence.

Such aerial attacks must be met by jet interceptors, and strong anti-aircraft batteries, backed by a radar warning defence in depth.

But Ottawa observers agreed that such a system would in no way approach the defence in depth required to protect thickly populated countries, as used by England and Germany during the last war.—United Press.

STAR

Phone 54335

17 Hankow Road, Kowloon.

TODAY

2.30, 5.10, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.

ON THE SCREEN AT LAST!

\$1,000,000 Production of Dickens' Finest Love Story...

RONALD COLMAN

A TALE OF TWO CITIES

CHARLES DICKENS

ELIZABETH ARDEN

LUNA MAY

WILLIAM HAYMAWORTH

BLANCHETTE BOUYER

JOHN GAVIN

JOHN HUSTON

Next Change

Tyrone POWER

Gene TIERNEY

in

THAT WONDERFUL URGE

SHOWING TODAY

KING'S LEE Liberty

5 SHOWS DAILY

At 12.30, 2.30, 5.00, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

SOUTH CHINA FILM CORP.

IS PROUD TO BRING YOU ON THE SCREEN

A TRULY GREAT PICTURE

"DAWN MUST COME"

渡江珠

THIS IS A PICTURE WHICH SPEAKS THE UNIVERSAL LANGUAGE OF HUMANITY. HARMONY AND CONFLICTS, SADNESS AND LAUGHTER ARE ALL HERE IN A STORY OF LIFE IN CHINA—TOLD WITH HONESTY AND SIMPLICITY.

CENTRAL

270, QUEEN'S RD. CENTRAL. PHONE 25728

4 Shows Daily at 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.

VALERIE HOBSON

JAMES DONALD HAROLD KEEL

THE SMALL VOICE

ALSO

DON'T KEEP THE FACTS OF LIFE A SECRET

WE'LL SHOW YOU!

Because of EVE

THE STORY OF LIFE!

SEGREGATED AUDIENCES BY ORDER (HIGH SCHOOL AGE & OVER)

LADIES 5.15 SHOW ONLY

MEN 12.30, 2.30, 7.15 & 9.15 P.M. ONLY.

ORIENTAL

AIR CONDITIONED

*** FLEMING ROAD, WANGHAI ***

Final Showing Today 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

A STRANGE STORY OF WHISPERED SECRETS... AND A BEAUTIFUL GIRL WHO MATCHES WITS WITH A RUTHLESS KILLER!

WHISPERING CITY

HELMUT BANTINE **MARY ANDERSON** **PAUL LUKAS**

Commencing Tomorrow: Chinese Picture

"LITTLE SHRIMP" In Mandarin Dialogue

Cathay

5 SHOWS TODAY

At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

"DESPERATE JOURNEY"

ERROL FLYNN **RONALD REAGAN**

WILL RAYMOND MASSEY **ALAN HALE**

MARGOT COLEMAN

COMING SHORTLY: TENSE! SHOCKING! TERRIFYING!

JOHN GAVIN **JENNIFER JONES**

JOHN HUSTON **"WE WERE STRANGERS"**



Quality
Incomparable

Gordon's
Stands Supreme

Sole Agents

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

TAI HANG JEWELLERY

Wholesalers of CUT-DIAMONDS

Sole Agents For

Liberty Diamond Cutting Works (Pty) Ltd.

Johannesburg, South Africa

Bank of East Asia Bldg.
7th Floor, Room 707.

Telephone 21388

HALL'S DISTEMPER

WATER PAINT

A Washable Wall Finish embodying the accumulated skill and experience of HALF-A-CENTURY of DISTEMPER MANUFACTURE

10 Features that have made
HALL'S DISTEMPER Famous

- 1 Available in a range of Fashion-selected pastel shades which can be inter-mixed to obtain a still larger variety of tints.
- 2 Suitable for all types of Plasters or Wallboards.
- 3 Can be applied by brush or spray: no special skill required
- 4 Remarkable covering power: two coats are sufficient to mask any colour change
- 5 Dries to a beautiful even matt finish, which allows the wall to "breathe"
- 6 Washable three weeks after application
- 7 Contains a powerful disinfectant which rapidly destroys disease bacteria or germs and prevents mould growth
- 8 Gives splendid results when merely mixed for use with water
- 9 Its price puts Luxury decoration within the grasp of the ordinary man
- 10 Packed in steel drums, Hall's Distemper will keep in good condition for lengthy periods in any climate

In case of difficulty

See the **Syndicate**

THE PEKIN SYNDICATE LTD.

12, Chater Road

總代理 福公司
電話 18 車打道
三三二四

ARABS, JEWS URGED TO OPEN DIRECT TALKS FOR PEACE SETTLEMENT

Dr. Ely E. Palmer, chairman of the UN Palestine Commission, strongly urged Arabs and Jews to open direct permanent peace settlement in Palestine.

"As the Commission has abundantly made clear in the past," Mr. Palmer told delegates from Israel and her four Arab neighbours, "it favours the establishment of direct contact between the parties."

"Such a course appears to the Commission all the more indispensable if it is to mediate effectively between them. The Commission is ready to assist the parties in reaching agreements, whether collectively or separately, both on the larger issues and on questions of a more local character."

Mr. Palmer, a former U.S. Ambassador to Afghanistan, made similar statements to Arab and Jewish delegates in separate meetings of the Commission today. The four Arab delegations representing Egypt, Jordan, Syria and Lebanon, met the Commission jointly this morning for the first time since the peace talks were resumed earlier this month. A formal meeting between the Commission and the Israeli delegation followed this afternoon. The Arab and Jewish delegations have never yet met directly to discuss peace since the Commission first began its work in April, 1949.

Direct contact wanted

During the Commission's five-month long abortive peace efforts at Lausanne last year, the Israeli delegation consistently pressed for direct contact with the Arabs while the Arab representatives declined to meet them. Gideon Raphael, newly appointed Israeli

delegate to the Commission, told a news conference at Geneva last week that Israel would continue to demand direct Arab-Jewish negotiations.

Mr. Palmer reviewed the present status of the peace talks and appealed for the co-operation of both parties in drawing the outline of a peace treaty.

"The Commission has not yet determined how it can most helpfully undertake and effectively discharge the functions of mediator," Mr. Palmer told the delegates, "but it hopes that, with the essential collaboration of the parties, it may succeed in working out an initially promising and ultimately fruitful method of procedure."

Difficult task

"The Commission is keenly conscious of the divergent views and conflicting interests

Geneva, January 30.

Cancellation Commission, negotiations for a per-

which make its task... such a difficult one," Mr. Palmer said, "It hopes not only that you will sense how earnest is its desire to assist the government and authorities concerned to achieve a final settlement of all questions outstanding between them, but also that all delegates meeting with the Commission will, through timely suggestions and ready collaboration in successive steps, afford it opportunities to be of assistance to all concerned."

A Commission spokesman said the next step in the peace talks would be the formulation of replies to Mr. Palmer's statement by the Arab and Jewish delegations.—Associated Press.

BERLIN'S TRAFFIC NORMAL

Berlin, January 30.

Berlin-bound lorries rolled across the Russian zone frontier without official interference tonight, but officials expected tomorrow to prove whether the little blockade was definitely ended.

Traffic from Western Germany averaged only five or six lorries an hour today. All were quickly cleared by Russian guards at Helmstedt on the Autobahn 100 miles from Berlin.

Traffic from a normal volume of from 20 to 30 vehicles is expected to reach the Russian roadblock. Then it will be seen whether the Russians have discarded their go-slow tactics completely.

Since the slow-down was imposed on January 22, American transport officials estimated about 10,000 tons of truck-borne supplies have been unable to reach West Berlin. Railway freight moved on time, however.

West Berlin factories were unable to keep delivery schedules to Western Germany because of the autobahn bottleneck. Some contracts were reported cancelled as a result.

Two protests on the slow-down by Western powers have gone unanswered by Soviet authorities the past week.—Associated Press.

Ethiopian stand on UN decision

Geneva, January 30.

The Ethiopian Government has informed the Secretary-General of the United Nations that it cannot recognize the validity of the United Nations trusteeship agreement with Italy for Somaliland, it was announced here today.

In a note to the Secretary-General from the Ethiopian observer to the Trusteeship Council's meeting in Geneva, Mr. Ato Abbebe Betta, the Ethiopian delegate declared:

"Since on the one hand, no delimited frontiers exist and since none has been agreed to; and since the Ethiopian Government have not received satisfaction from the Trusteeship Council on the request for participation in the work of the Council on the basis of the rights accorded to Ethiopia by Article 79 of the Charter; the Ethiopian Government are reluctantly obliged to state that under such circumstances they cannot recognize the validity of any agreement prepared or agreed to by the Trusteeship Council on former Italian Somaliland."

Italy has been given by the United States a 10 year trusteeship over her former colony.—Reuter.

PRINCE BERNHARD IN VENEZUELA

Caracas, Venezuela, January 30.

Prince Bernhard of the Netherlands arrived here today. He is visiting Venezuela as a guest of the Government. He was welcomed at the airport by representatives of the Foreign Ministry, officials of Legations and members of the Diplomatic Corps.

Prince Bernhard then visited the National Pantheon and said a word at the Tomb of Simon Bolivar, the South American Liberator.—Reuter.

MR. EBAN BACK IN TEL AVIV

Tel Aviv, January 30.

Mr. Ezer Weizman, Minister of Defense, arrived from Lake Success, New York, where he had been on a mission to the United Nations. He is leaving tomorrow for Jerusalem.—Reuter.

No news of U.S. Vice-Consul

Washington, January 30. The State Department today said that no news had been received of the American Vice-Consul, Douglas MacKinnon, accused by the Chinese Communists of spying since September 27, when he began a hazardous journey from China.

Mr. MacKinnon was left behind to close up the Consulate in Tihwa, capital of China's vast North West border province of Sinkiang, when the Consul, Mr. J. Hall Paxton, and other Americans were ordered out last August. The Paxton group finally reached India in October after an arduous trip on foot across the Himalaya mountains.—Reuter.

U.S. VIEW ON MOSCOW MEETING

Washington, January 30.

The State Department spokesman, Michael McDermott, said on Monday the United States government is inclined to believe reports from Paris that the Soviet Union is making heavy demands for concessions in Communist China.

Commenting on reports in the New York "Times" asserting that the Soviet Union is demanding from Mao Tse-tung's government in Peking control of seven Manchurian and North China ports, Mr. McDermott said this report "appears to be in line" with statements which the Secretary of State Dean Acheson has made to the effect that Russia is seeking to detach certain portions of North China.

Mr. McDermott said that if these reports of Soviet demands for the control of Chinese ports as well as other demands on the Peking government were true, both parties would undoubtedly do their best to keep them quiet.

He said: "This information is extremely interesting and thought-provoking. However, it would be hazardous to guess that any drastic Chinese concessions would be well concealed in secret clauses or in separate secret agreements, and would not be contained in any official communiqué issued at the conclusion of the discussions in Moscow between the Russian authorities and Chinese Communist officials."

Mr. McDermott added that proof of assertions that Russia is making these demands could be obtained only by close observation of subsequent developments in China.

Reports from Paris claimed that the Soviet Union, in addition to its demand for Chinese ports, has asked: 1—for increased shipments of foodstuffs from China; 2—for concessions to minority groups in Tibet, Manchuria, and Inner Mongolia; 3—for a Chinese labour force of half a million men to work for Russia.

The report continued: 4—all communication lines, such as air-lines, steamship lines and railways, shall be jointly operated by China and the Soviet Union. 5—the Soviet Union shall be given the sole direction of the police forces in China. The Chinese Communist security police and the Russian secret police shall attain closest co-operation.

6—the Chinese armies shall be trained according to the Russian model. 7—all railway routes in Manchuria shall be given to the Soviet Union. The Soviet Union shall also be permitted to construct a railway between Altai and Lanchow. 8—all naval bases along the Chinese coast, including Port Arthur, and Kwangchow, shall be administered by the Soviet Union.—United Press.

JOINT FLEET EXERCISES

London, January 30.

British and French warships will carry out joint exercises during the visit of the British Home Fleet to the Western Mediterranean in March, the Admiralty here announced today.

The exercises are expected to begin off Toulon early in March and will last about a fortnight. Details have yet to be worked out. Some units of the French Fleet will also be visiting Malta early in February and joint exercises will be carried out locally.—Reuter.

WREATH FOR JINNAH'S GRAVE

Karachi, January 30.

"President" Jinnah's "Indira" is on an official visit to Pakistan. A wreath of flowers will be placed on the grave of the Dominion's founder and first Governor-General, Mohammed Ali Jinnah.

Lake has inspected units of the Pakistan Navy and landed with naval officers. He is leaving tomorrow for Lahore.—Reuter.

Sinkiang delegation takes part in Moscow meeting

London, January 30.

A delegation from the Sinkiang provincial people's Government arrived in Moscow today to participate in Soviet-Chinese negotiations, Radio Moscow reported today. The report coincided with the official British speculation that the Chinese Communist leader, Mao Tse-tung, was making an uncompromising stand in his seven-week-old talks with the Kremlin. Radio Moscow said the delegation was headed by Sasfuting Azizov, deputy chairman of the Sinkiang provincial Government. It went to Moscow to participate in the work of the delegation of the People's Republic of China, the broadcast said.

Sinkiang was the North West China province which the United States Secretary of State, Mr. Acheson, charged that the Russians were trying to control—a charge that the Soviet Foreign Minister, Mr. Andrei Vishinsky, emphatically denied. Mao Tse-tung has been in Moscow for six weeks discussing matters of mutual interest between Russia and the Peking Government. He was joined about a fortnight ago by the Chinese Communist Foreign Minister, Chou En-lai.

The summoning to Moscow of Chou led to speculation that difficulties might have arisen between Mao and the Soviet authorities.

Numerous rumours

There have been numerous rumours concerning possible Soviet demands on Communist China. One of these appeared in the Chinese language newspaper, "Chinese Journal," published in New York on January 18.

Dated from Taiwan, the dispatch read as follows: "It is reliably learned that the following demands have been handed by the Soviet Union to Mao Tse-tung, Chinese Communist leader: 'Mao shall by concrete action show absolute loyalty to the Soviet Union and shall accept the following terms: 1. To give the Soviet Union all coal, iron and oil products of Manchuria as well as uranium ores produced in Sinkiang. 2. The following mines shall be jointly developed by China and the Soviet Union: gold mines in Manchuria and Sinkiang; coal mines in Shantung, Shanxi, Anhwei, Shensi, and Kiangsi provinces and all petroleum wells in North West China.'"

British officials declined to speculate on the progress of the Moscow negotiations, but said they were not inclined to give credence to the report that Russia is demanding seven Chinese ports plus a Chinese labour force and increase of food shipments from Communist China.

Experts, who have been scrutinising all available reports from Peking and Moscow said they got the impression that Mao Tse-tung has entered the talks with the conviction that he was the one who held the strongest cards in bargaining.

The officials said that two factors probably would govern the Moscow talks on China: 1. The latent and actual wealth of Manchuria and Mongolia; 2. Russia's absolute need for warm water ports on the North Pacific seaboard to serve her vast hinterland.

Review of relations

From this aspect, experts have been studying the evolution of the Soviet relations with China since the past decade of the century and various agreements and treaties which Mao Tse-tung has declared must be examined and if necessary annulled or revised.

In 1924, China and Soviet Russia signed an agreement annulling all treaties made with Czarist Russia. Both parties undertook to conclude no further agreements prejudicing the other's interests. Official sources state that it would necessitate many weeks of study if they are to be revised or even annulled.

Prominent among these are the Soviet "mutual assistance" agreement with Mongolia signed in 1936, and the Soviet-Sino treaty signed in 1945 which, officials said, embody all obstructions to a rapid agreement in Moscow.

It was believed that Mao Tse-tung would make ambitious demands for a revision of these treaties which jeopardise the exercise of Chinese sovereignty over a vast section of new China's territory. Sovereignty over Manchuria, which China has never really been allowed to exercise since 1896 when Russia obtained the right to build its main railway and obtained possession of Port Arthur and Dairen, is especially desirable to the Chinese Communist regime.

According to the 1945 treaty, Port Arthur was to remain a naval port in which Russia was to have certain privileges while not infringing Chinese sovereignty. Similar conditions were imposed on Dairen and Peking broadcasts have complained that conditions today place the new China Government in the "most invidious position."

Non-recognition regarding Manchuria, Dairen, Peking and Peking broadcasts have complained that conditions today place the new China Government in the "most invidious position."

British officials said there was no reason to assume that demands as such were being made either by Communist China or Russia. They said, "It would be reasonable to assume that in any examination of the revision of the existing treaties, both sides would seek to correct any early enthusiastic mistakes."

They said all official utterances from Peking left no doubt that the Chinese Communist Government considers all former treaties and agreements made by Chiang Kai-shek's Government have lost their force although not necessarily void by reason of the new situation.

They said, "Apart from material benefits to be aimed for in the revision of various treaties, there is the aspect of prestige." No one, who knows anything of the Chinese, could fail to appreciate how much importance is attached by them in their 'losing face'."—United Press.

Reds intend to abide by treaty

San Francisco, January 30.

The Chinese Communists strongly indicated today their intention to abide by the Chinese Nationalist treaty of 1945 which gave Russia special rights in Manchuria.

The Red attitude was contained in a new attack on the United States Department of State because of Secretary Dean Acheson's assertion that Russia was in the process of detaching Manchuria and other Chinese areas from China.

Bitterly denouncing the Acheson statement of January 12 and background material which the State Department made public later in the Peking radio said: "The Soviet Union enjoys treaty rights regarding the Chinese Changchun railway in North East China. Moreover, the Soviet Union and China are jointly defending Dairen and Port Arthur against the new aggressor threat of Japan and her collaborators. It is therefore natural that a deep friendship exists between the people of North East China and the Soviet people."

The broadcast, which was attributed to no one but was made by the official Red radio, was heard in San Francisco by the Associated Press.

The 1945 treaty which gave Russia her favoured position in Manchuria was arranged at the wartime Yalta conference and was reluctantly signed by the Chinese Nationalist Government.—Associated Press.

FOR
THE
LOCAL
TRIP
OR
OCEAN
VOYAGE

COOK'S
WORLD TRAVEL SERVICE

ROBINSON BUILDING
Ground Floor
74-75, Market Street

RUSSIA CONTINUES TO BOYCOTT MEETINGS AT UNITED NATIONS

Anniversary of Gandhi's death

New Delhi, January 30.
The second anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi's death today was observed throughout India by prayer meetings and mass spinning demonstrations in his memory.
Flags flew at half mast on Government and public buildings in Bombay, Madras and other cities.
In Delhi, the Indian President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, early today offered prayers at the spot in Birla House Garden where Gandhi fell to his assassin's bullets. Later he laid a wreath on a raised platform at Rajghat, four miles away, marking the place where Gandhi was cremated.
The Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, the Deputy Prime Minister, Sardar Patel, and the Netherlands Ambassador, A. Lamping, on behalf of the diplomatic corps, laid wreaths at Rajghat.
President Rajendra Prasad and Pandit Nehru also participated in a mass spinning by 500 people at Rajghat.
Mr. Nehru, addressing a public meeting tonight, said, "Gandhi put new life into despondent hearts and light in people's eyes and instilled in them the spirit to fight for freedom."
Gandhi had taught Indians to use only peaceful means to the achievement of their objectives.—Reuter.

OIL COMPANY STRIKES WATER

Karachi, January 30.
The Burma Oil Company, after 20 months' drilling, two miles down at Larkhan in the Sind Desert, have now struck water.
They hoped to have the deepest oil well in Pakistan, Burma or India. At 12,000 feet on Saturday, the drills met large volumes of boiling water which spouted up and was mostly vapour when it reached the surface. There was no sign of oil or gas.—Reuter.

Lake Success, January 30.
Soviet Russia today boycotted the 11-nation Committee of Experts of the Security Council, thus continuing her boycott of all United Nations units where Nationalist China is represented.

The Committee met in a closed session under the chairmanship of Dr. Hsuhsi of China, to consider a proposal submitted by the Indian delegate, Sir Benegal Narsing Rau.

The Indian proposal seeks to remove certain "anomalies" in the Security Council's rules of procedure in settling disputes over the credentials of members States such as that over the membership of Nationalist China.

This is the first time a Security Council body has met since the Soviet walkout of January 13. The resolution is also India's first in the Security Council since she became a member of the body on January 1.

Sir Benegal's proposal suggested a poll by telegraph if necessary of all the 50 member nations whenever the credentials of any member of the Security Council are challenged.

The Indian delegate's resolution was originally believed to have been inspired by a desire to postpone a Soviet walkout in the Security Council by providing a device for a canvas of United Nations votes.

Experts present

Legal experts from the 10 countries were present at today's meeting. Sir Benegal is understood to have started the proceedings with a speech stating the purpose of his resolution and explaining how a lead taken by the Security Council could be of assistance to other United Nations bodies as well.

"He is said to have pointed out that the rules of procedure of other units such as the Trusteeship Council and the Economic and Social Council also suffered from the same hiatus as regards recognition where a country's government had changed."

Dr. Hsu Hsi waited for 10 minutes after the scheduled meeting time before rapping his gavel. It is understood, Dr. Hsu then commented that he presumed the Russian representative did not plan to attend the meeting and

Scholars to be trained in India

Rangoon, January 30.

Burma and Indonesia are both planning to send scholars to India for technical training. Burma has a severe shortage of nutrition experts and laboratory equipment. Dr. U. Maung Gale, the chief Burmese delegate, told the first meeting of the Food and Agriculture Organisation's Nutrition Committee here today.

Dr. Gale said that Burma hoped to send scholars to India soon for advanced courses in nutrition.

Dr. Soedarmono, of Indonesia, said that his country was also planning to send scholars to courses in India, as well as in Malaya and the Philippines.

Miss Evelyn Anderson, representing the United Nations Children's Emergency Fund, reported that about 30,000,000 tons of dried milk was ready for distribution.

Miss Agnes O'Donnell, from the office of the Supreme Allied Commander in Japan, said that more than 7,000,000 Japanese children were receiving regular school meals.—Reuter.

Three-power talks on uranium ore

Washington, January 30.

American, British and Belgian officials met behind closed doors today for the first of a series of conferences on uranium ore, from the Belgian Congo, that feeds United States atomic plants.

A State Department spokesman said the conferees would hold two more sessions this week, and may continue the talks into next week. The only official report on the meeting said it dealt with "matters of mutual interest in the atomic field."

The State Department said the current talks were a continuation of the three-power uranium conferences held secretly 18 months ago. The chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission, David Lilienthal, refused to discuss them at a press conference, saying it was up to the State Department to make any announcements.—United Press.

UN not authorised to interfere in Cyprus issue

Lake Success, January 31.

Those hoping for United Nations action to join the British Mediterranean island of Cyprus to Greece will be disappointed, UN experts said on Monday.

Britain has complete sovereignty over the British colony, it was pointed out. Under its charter, the UN has not the authority to detach dependent territories from any country or even to consider such a question.

It was further stated that the UN acts only on proposals from governments—that is, the UN would ignore appeals from the inhabitants of Cyprus unless some government was willing to sponsor the appeal. Because of close Anglo-Greek ties, diplomats discount the possibility that Greece might make a move to bring the Cyprus issue before the United Nations.

Britain, which wants to keep a tight hold on its strategic position, opposed the plebiscite conducted in Cyprus on the question of union with Greece, a report from London says. Government officials were forbidden to vote in it.

Behind the move for union with Greece—long indicated by

INSPECTION IN U.S. OF FACILITIES REGARDING H-BOMB PRODUCTION

Washington, January 30.

Congressional atomic officials have already inspected atomic facilities to determine the feasibility of building the super hydrogen bomb, it was announced on Monday.

Chairman Brien McMahon, of the Joint Congressional Atomic Energy Committee, disclosed that Committee members inspected plants and conferred with military chiefs and the nation's top-ranking scientists on the H-bomb programme. Mr. McMahon indicated that a vote might be taken soon on the issue. He said he himself has informed President Truman of his personal views.

Mr. Truman will make the decision whether or not to build the H-bomb. Mr. McMahon's disclosures were made shortly after Mr. David Lilienthal, retiring chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission, said he is not opposed to making the hydrogen bomb as such. Mr. Lilienthal said, however, the question of whether or not to build is not the issue.

Senator McMahon's statement was the first public official disclosure that the Congressional Atomic Energy Committee has been considering the hydrogen bomb issue, although it is well known that it has been doing so.

Scientists have estimated that the H-bomb would be from three to many times more powerful than the present atom bombs.

Mr. McMahon's statement was made after a closed meeting with J. Robert Oppenheimer, Chairman of the Advisory Committee of the Atomic Energy Commission. His carefully worded statement said:

From every aspect

"The Joint Committee on Atomic Energy has had the matter of the hydrogen bomb under continuous investigation and consideration. It has explored and studied this matter from every aspect, informing itself of the views of the Atomic Energy Commission, the Department of Defense, the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the General Advisory Committee to the Commission, and top-ranking scientists."

Members of the Joint Committee have visited and inspected

various atomic energy installations, including Los Alamos, for the express purpose of inquiring into details of the hydrogen bomb problem."

Mr. McMahon described Monday's Committee meeting as a general exchange of views. He said the Committee took no votes or action, but will meet on Tuesday afternoon for further deliberations. He declined to say whether "votes or action" would be forthcoming at future meetings.

He said: "I have transmitted to the President certain of my personal views on the bearings which these questions have not only on national security but also on world peace, which all our efforts are designed to promote. When I feel that the best interests of security and peace will be served, I will not hesitate to make my views known." Many Congressmen have already stated their beliefs, and appear willing to vote any money needed for building the hydrogen bomb.

Mr. Lilienthal's guarded Press conference remarks are clearly aimed at sparking widely published reports that he objects on moral grounds to building the hydrogen bomb and believes the country's resources might be better employed elsewhere.

A reporter asked: "Mr. Lilienthal, have you ever personally been opposed in principle to building any weapons?" He replied emphatically: "No. Producing weapons is my business under law, and I certainly don't disapprove of it."—United Press.

West Java local gov't ends

Jakarta, January 30.

The West Java Parliament decided unanimously today to ask the Central government in Jakarta to take over the administration of West Java, thus ending local control over the area.

The action is not expected to result in drastic or immediate changes in West Java as supreme authority is already vested in the military governor, who has sweeping powers over civil affairs. The turn, is directly under the U.S. of Indonesia Ministry of Defense.

As a long-range development, however, the action is significant as indicating that political elements who favoured rejoining the area to the former Republic have won the first round. The way is now open for the USI to make all Java part of the old revolutionary Republic.

In East Java also authority was recently taken over by the Central government.

After the Pacific War, the Republican territory in Java was sliced into three by the Dutch and the Republic became one of the six states in the new U.S. in the provisional constitution.

The way was left open for the reorganisation of the country if the States themselves requested it and that is what the Republicans have been aiming for with a nation of only three or four states as their ultimate goal.

In Jakarta today the U.S. roving Ambassador, Dr. Philip Jessup, and the U.S. Ambassador, Mr. Merle Cochran, conferred with Dr. Mohammad Hatta.

The U.S. Embassy announced that a five-man mission investigating ECA expenditures will arrive in Indonesia this week.—Associated Press.

Everybody's talking about—the great **JANUARY**

Sale



BARGAINS in the PERFUMERY SECTION



50% REDUCTION

ON PERFUMES BY

CIRO * CARON
GELLE FRERES
LUCIEN LELONG
MILLOT * WORTH
LENTHERIC

YARDLEY

GIFT SETS—

LESS 10%

Many lines being discontinued to be **CLEARED AT COST**
BARGAINS in ELIZABETH ARDEN Perfumed luxuries.

BARGAINS in MEN'S WEAR



LADIES
AND MEN'S
GLOVES
LESS

25% AND NUMEROUS OTHER BARGAINS

COOPERS JOCKEY SHORTS (midway de luxe) \$ 7.00
FAIR ISLE SLOPERS \$30.00
CASHMERE CARDIGANS from \$85.00
INDIA GAUZE VESTS \$ 3.50
AERTEX SHIRTS \$13.00
CEYLONETTE PYJAMAS \$25.00
WOOLLEN SOCKS from \$ 4.00
COTTON VESTS \$ 3.50
WOOL VESTS & PANTS \$10.00 each garment

BARGAINS in the FURNISHING DEPT.

FURNISHING FABRIC REMNANTS
GREATLY REDUCED

CASHMERE RUGS **LESS 20%**
INDIAN RUGS

ODD PIECES OF FURNITURE
THAT MUST BE
CLEARED—AT COST.



BARGAINS from our FOOD SECTION

HERRING IN TOMATO SAUCE per tin \$1.00
BRAND'S AI SANDWICH PASTE per 4 jar \$1.00
PEAS per tin .75
DICED POTATOES per tin .30
CALVES FOOT JELLY
(Grosso & Blackwells) per jar \$1.30

ASK FOR SPECIAL PRICE LIST

LANE, CRAWFORD LTD.

SAIGON
Every Wednesday \$448

SINGAPORE
Tuesdays & Fridays \$500

MANILA
Mon., Wed. & Sat. \$300

BANGKOK
Tuesdays & Fridays \$375

HAIPHONG
Every Friday \$313

RANGOON
Every Tuesday \$520

CPA
General Agents: BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

S. A. C.

Every TUESDAY is SAC DAY to BANGKOK
WITH CONNECTION TO

SINGAPORE Wednesday
PENANG Friday
RANGOON & CALCUTTA Friday

For full particulars Please apply:

General Agents:
SOUTH EAST ASIA TRADING CO. (SIAM) LTD.
69, Connaught Road, West, Tel. No. 24202.
Peninsula Hotel, Kowloon, Tel. No. 56418.

Booking Agents:
AUW PIT SENG'S TRADING CO., LTD.
10, Pedder Street, Tel. No. 26133.
CHIANG HUAT HONG
8, Connaught Road, West, 1st floor, Tel. No. 27601.

AIR FRANCE

PARIS

ONLY TWO DAYS

FAST FLIGHTS
Weekly on Saturdays
OTHER FLIGHTS
on Mondays

QUEEN'S BUILDING, GROUND FLOOR
OPP. STAR FERRY TEL. 31631

FLY THE

SHORTEST & FASTEST

AIR ROUTE

ACROSS THE NORTH PACIFIC

Low One Way and Round Trip
FARES

TO PRINCIPAL POINTS IN
CANADA & UNITED STATES

PRESSURIZED FLYING
COMFORT IN FOUR
ENGINE AIRCRAFT TO
VANCOUVER VIA TOKYO

Canadian Pacific
AIR LINES

Ground Floor, Union Bldg. Tel. 32007

CHINA MAIL

12, Des Voeux Road, Central,
Mezzanine Floor,
HONG KONG.

Telephone: 24854
Editor in Chief 24854
Reporters & General Office 82312
(four lines)

Subscription Rates:
3 months HK\$18.00
6 months HK\$36.00
One Year HK\$72.00

All news contributions to be
addressed to Editor in Chief.
Advertisements and Business
communications should be ad-
dressed to the Company CHINA
MAIL LTD.

DEATH

SIMMONS — William Frederick, General Manager, Hongkong Tramways Limited, died suddenly at his residence, 359, The Peak, on 31st January 1950. Funeral service will take place at St. John's Cathedral at 4.30 p.m. today. Funeral pinner Monument at 5.00 p.m.

HUNTING HARES IN THE DARK

The deportation to Hong Kong of General Kach Songkram, the Deputy Commander-in-Chief of the Siamese Army, underlines the unstable conditions in Siam, or Thailand, as the present Government prefers to call it. Siam is important for two reasons. It is the biggest exporter of rice next to Burma—and everybody knows how much the price and supply of rice affect the whole situation in the Far East, and not least the industrial situation in Hong Kong. It is also vital in a strategic sense, because it adjoins Indo-China, Burma and Malaya, and what ever happens in Siam affects these countries for good or ill.

The Kremlin showed its usual shrewdness in selecting Bangkok as a major listening-post in South East Asia—and the main focus of organisation and control if Siam went over to Communism. It also follows that what happens in Burma and Indo-China also affects Siam. That is a point too often overlooked by people who worry unduly about Peking Radio attacks on the Siamese Government for alleged mistreatment of Chinese who have offended against that Government in one way or another.

At present Siam's chief trouble lies in the disintegration of the clique of young officers who in 1932 began the present form of rule. When the Diadocchi take over, change can be effected only by the same methods and when the cliques break up control becomes ever more difficult. Intrigue has been going on for a long time. The Siamese Navy is traditionally attached to Nai Pridi and the Free Thais; the Army to Marshal Phibul. The head of the Siamese Government has now had to take drastic action against his deputy and many other high Army officers. The Colony's latest quest is a forthright, turbulent personality who has been in the news, both secret and published, for a considerable time. The rest of South East Asia is concerned with Siam's domestic upheavals and intrigues solely because of their reaction on stability; and, with stability, the steady flow of rice, any interruption of which would be a crucial blow to Siam and a blow hardly less severe to rice consumers.

The time may not yet have come to tackle the task of solidifying the painfully weak and exposed defences of South East Asia. Everything depends on what happens in the negotiations in Moscow between the Chinese Communist chiefs and the Kremlin. If they really get together, the non-Communist world will have to act accordingly. If they don't—if they agree merely to disagree—the need of a Pan-Pacific hammer will not be so obvious. Alarms and excitement are being sounded all over the world, especially from London. A little more co-ordination on the propaganda front would be useful, especially if it has a long-term objective.

The great debate—No. 3:

ENEMY IS COMMUNISM

By Philip Fothergill

President-elect of the Liberal Party

Every general election is hailed by the politicians as the most important in the country's history. Of course Nobody wants to fight in an UN-important battle! But there is some reason to support the claim of importance in this present case.

(For seldom has the world been in such a state of unrest.)

Western civilisation, which has stood like a rock for 1,000 years, is shaken now as by an earthquake. The peace of every continent is menaced by Communist Russia.

Asia, no long asleep, has been prodded into an angry awakening. Britain, once the greatest Power on earth, now impoverished by two world wars, appears to be drifting into a backward which might mean virtual extinction.

We are told that the issue of the election is the cost of living. Never was a truer word spoken, but only if by cost of living we mean not only the purchasing power of our wages but the price demanded of all of us by Britain's survival as a first-class industrial nation.

Full employment at good wages, Social Security services, our free way of life are all challenged. A Britain on the decline, squeezed out of one world market after another—cold-shouldered by America, treated as an encumbrance by the Commonwealth, and thrown back upon her own domestic resources for food and raw material, would soon become a starving, servile Britain.

The story from Hainan via Taipei about the crossing of the Indo-China border by Red regulars and Vietnamese irregulars did more harm than good. It was also untrue. It evoked from President Auriol of France a strong but dignified rebuke a few days ago. He called this report "detestable and deadly," for it seems to have been taken all over the world at its face value, and reported under "Olympian headlines." Such manoeuvres, said the French President, are manoeuvres against peace, against France, and manoeuvres against people who ought to work together for the common good. In Taipei, apparently, such reports were regarded as showing the need for bringing relations between Indo-China and Nationalist China closer. That's quite true, but not in the sense Taipei intended. Closer to the truth is more like it.

Too many hares are being started for too little purpose. There is, too, an abnormal amount of fishing for news of the negotiations in Moscow. Speculation runs the gamut. The short-term view leads to excessive agitation and public bewilderment. It may be exasperating to many people to be on the outside and not even getting a good look in. The initiative in Asia during the post-war years lay with the Western powers. They have liberated half of Asia. Our next initiative lies in the domain of economic aid, and it must be real not mere talk. The political initiative in the Far East has gone to the Chinese Communists and their Russian tutors.

It isn't quite such a happy position to be in as some impatient people might think. There is enough material in it to cause a rupture as dramatic as the mere meeting itself. But the end will not come in that way. The diplomatic and military position is unlikely to change in essentials in Manchuria either as a result of the negotiations or as a result of startling events such as a Russian military withdrawal as in North Korea. Nor is it likely that there will be any armed invasion of the countries adjoining South Western China.

A long-term view, and a long-term strategy are the only possible equipment to meet a situation which gives no promise at all of a short-term solution. Meanwhile the Chinese people and the Chinese generals will have plenty of scope for contrasting what liberation meant in India, and what it means in Manchuria. What is at stake is not only the fate of the Chinese people, but the fate of the world. It is possible, even in these times, that there is something in that axiom still.

If present Socialist policies are pursued that is the shape of things to come.

Of course, it suits the Communist and fellow-traveller to pretend that there is no crisis in finance or production, no inflation, no serious threat to our future tranquillity—if only we will look East and not West.

So, by all the tricks of propaganda they play upon the suspicions and weaknesses of men and women.

They do not agree a Union's cause for the survival of Britain. Their aim is to defeat Britain by sapping and undermining her, and then to set up here a system in which every stitch of clothing, every bite of food, indeed every breath of fresh air, is within the power of a Communist dictatorship to grant—or to withhold.

Communism is Public Enemy No. 1.

This is the First Fact of modern politics, British or any other brand.

Do not be taken in by any reassuring soul who says that the Communists of Britain number only 40,000. Although Communism in Britain today is a cloud no bigger than a man's hand, it could swiftly grow into a tempest. The history of half Europe since 1945—and all China since 1949—shows that unless some effective barrier is offered to it this tempest will overthrow all existing institutions.

The Second Fact of modern politics is that nowhere yet has that effective barrier been created.

Consider the claims of Socialism. Now, however loudly Socialists may protest their hatred of Communism, active practical Socialism produces the

very diet on which Communism feeds—i.e., frustration, stagnation, apathy and declining standards of living.

Indeed, the philosophy of British Socialism is very largely derived from Communism.

And who can doubt their common inspiration when one hears the fairy tales of Socialist propaganda? Examples:

1. Comrade J. B. Priestley's unwholesome and enervating optimism administered as a drug to the credulous listener recently.

2. The swift disintegration of Sir Stafford Cripps's icy rectitude, thawed, no doubt, by the heat of a rapidly approaching election.

3. The women's movement, the common inspiration when one sees the gradual but inevitable encroachment by Socialism on the liberties of the individual?

Now, as a Liberal I claim that Liberals have not been blind, but

crucially, critics of the Socialist Government. Notably, we have supported the Acts to improve the social services—measures extending the work of post Liberal Governments.

Today we declare that the movement towards Socialism must be halted.

What about the Tory alternative? Reconsider for a moment what the enemy, Communism, is. Besides its organisation and method Communism is an idea—the concept that mankind, what matter life, is not only to be ruled by the Communists, but by evolving new social and economic forms—his own!

What do the Tories say? If there is any idea at all in the heap of prejudices, fears, inhibitions, and improvisations of Conservatism, it is that we should stick to society as before and everyone hold on to what he has got.

What we have somehow to do in Britain is to develop a higher and cheaper production, as the real way of raising the living standards of all our people.

There are many Liberal plans for doing that. As, for example, by cutting out "restrictive practices" (on both sides); by stamping out monopoly; by profit-sharing—and also prospect-sharing (i.e., giving the worker a genuine say in the running of industry); by putting a stop to Government waste; by a thorough complete reorganisation, settlement, and colonial development programme.

But the first, vital spark to fire the great engine of the New Britain is to give the ordinary man and woman more liberty to develop their own personal energies and enterprise.

But men and women will not bestir themselves unless they are eager to reach some goal. During the war the goal was victory. The day the goal is still victory—victory for our country, and our democracy against the most evil concentration of power the world has ever known.

Liberals should stand for full employment, better wages, social security, more housing, more education, a fair deal for the aged, and much else. It is right that we should do so.

But none of these blessings can be achieved without effort, nor can they endure except by continued exertion.

Here is a problem not only of material incentives but of moral and spiritual leadership. This is the very core of our Liberal faith and of our Liberal fight.

We want a better world—but we know that we must have it. What do you say to that great people may lead the advance.

What we have somehow to do in Britain is to develop a higher and cheaper production, as the real way of raising the living standards of all our people.

There are many Liberal plans for doing that. As, for example, by cutting out "restrictive practices" (on both sides); by stamping out monopoly; by profit-sharing—and also prospect-sharing (i.e., giving the worker a genuine say in the running of industry); by putting a stop to Government waste; by a thorough complete reorganisation, settlement, and colonial development programme.

But the first, vital spark to fire the great engine of the New Britain is to give the ordinary man and woman more liberty to develop their own personal energies and enterprise.

But men and women will not bestir themselves unless they are eager to reach some goal. During the war the goal was victory. The day the goal is still victory—victory for our country, and our democracy against the most evil concentration of power the world has ever known.

Liberals should stand for full employment, better wages, social security, more housing, more education, a fair deal for the aged, and much else. It is right that we should do so.

But none of these blessings can be achieved without effort, nor can they endure except by continued exertion.

Here is a problem not only of material incentives but of moral and spiritual leadership. This is the very core of our Liberal faith and of our Liberal fight.

We want a better world—but we know that we must have it. What do you say to that great people may lead the advance.

Not so cold in Iceland

By Alan Moray Williams

Fuel problems are something almost unknown in Reykjavik, Iceland's little capital, since 90 per cent of the houses are heated by water from hot springs, relayed by pipe line from a district 10 miles away.

The traveller who arrives there full of preconceived notions about Iceland's primitiveness is in for many surprises, of which the Hot Spring System is only the first.

In 100 years Reykjavik has grown from a village of turf huts and 900 souls to an up-to-date modern city of 55,000 inhabitants with an airport, a university, numerous schools, hotels, restaurants, dance hall, cinemas, and every kind of shop.

True, the town's first appearance does not impress you. The harbour and its approaches are shabby and untidy. All but the

most modern buildings are seen to have corrugated iron roofs; and most have walls faced with corrugated iron also. You are reminded of a "black town" in America's Middle West.

Once inside the city, however, you feel more at home. Solid concrete houses of two or three stories flank the main streets, filled with offices, and well-displayed shops. Luxurious American cars—imported during the war years, when Iceland's fish exports enjoyed a boom—stream past.

With a steady drift from the country to the towns, Reykjavik suffers, of course, from overcrowding, and 50 per cent of the population live in flats.

The big colonies of flats that have been erected have features that would make most British housewives' mouths water.

Matter of course

Electric cooking stoves are taken as a matter of course (electricity is cheap thanks to the proximity of swift-running rivers) and a surprisingly large number of families have washing machines and refrigerators also.

The majority of these ultra-modern conveniences have been manufactured in Iceland, the Icelanders importing raw steel from Sheffield for the purpose.

High though the Reykjavikians' standard of living is in this respect, in others they have to live very simply. Food and clothing (both rationed) are plentiful but otherwise there is almost nothing.

The reason for this is that Iceland has virtually only one export—fish—and therefore cannot import much from abroad.

The average Icelanders works from 9 till 5, with a lunch hour from 12 to 1 and coffee (the seldom drinks tea) from 3.30 to 4. He eats wholesome, but simple, rather monotonous food. Baked mutton or fish with boiled potatoes is the commonest meal even in quite prosperous households.

In the evening he may go to a cinema (there are six in Reykjavik, showing mostly British and American films), dine or dance (if he can afford it) at the Hotel Borg (the only restaurant where

drinks are obtainable, and consequently the town's "hot spot") or entertain in his own home.

Coffee parties

Entertainment—coffee parties—is an important feature of Icelandic life, a relic of old days when it was incumbent on isolated farmers to give shelter and food to just anyone who called.

The atmosphere on such occasions is very cosy. The Icelanders take great pride in their homes. Their small sitting-rooms are densely but tastefully furnished.

There is a ready supply of numerous shrubs and flowers in flower-pots outside; they could not stand Iceland's climate.

The Icelanders are a good-looking, good natured race of Norse and Celtic origin, rather too easy-going for a competitive world, but with a high standard of intelligence inclined to be reserved with strangers, once they accept you as a friend they cannot do too much for you. Their hospitality is universal.

For the present the high prices effectively prevent Iceland from becoming a popular tourist resort. But when conditions become normal again, Reykjavik is well worth a visit—provided that is, (if he can afford it) at the Hotel Borg (the only restaurant where

Brainwaves galore

By George Edinger

Twenty-two U.S. Ministries, along with 75 industrial concerns in America, have just published figures (in dollars) to show the time, strain, energy, and inefficiency saved by adopting ideas from employees.

Sixteen thousand secretaries, clerks, typists, and messengers between them saved the American taxpayer just \$15,761,000 last year.

Stimulus to suggestions was the cash reward offered; ten per cent of the money saved.

Between them the men and women with good ideas netted \$1,500,000.

Industrial management in the firms circulated and computed the results. A profit of \$14,800,000, all the fruit of ideas from typists, workmen, and lorry drivers they employed.

Prize awards for 1949 went to a man at Westinghouse Electric Corporation. He won \$5,000 by redesigning transformer coils after work.

Among other prize ideas were: when a worker's gloves toward hands against sharp edges; the notion of replacing copper castings with steel; allowing blankets to workers, first under workers' benches instead of putting them away in cupboards; pinning cards to tables telling men where to report when sick.

All these and many more ideas are listed in the last report of America's National Association of Suggestions as happy fruits of a year's encouragement of workers to produce ideas.

But quite inestimable is cash in the psychological stimulus that a co-ordinated and systematic channel for the flow of ideas in industry into American business.

It is a good idea, says the report, to talk to workers about suggestions. It is a good idea to encourage suggestions. It is a good idea to encourage suggestions.

It is a good idea to encourage suggestions. It is a good idea to encourage suggestions. It is a good idea to encourage suggestions.

It is a good idea to encourage suggestions. It is a good idea to encourage suggestions. It is a good idea to encourage suggestions.

And yet there is nothing original or American in the idea of suggestion schemes.

Several British firms use them. So do a quarter of Britain's Ministries. So does the Post Office.

But no results have been published in Britain. Many results are published in America.

Submitting ideas through the usual channels can be as frustrating in business as in Service life. The man at the bottom knows very well that only the man at the top is likely to be fired by a revolutionary innovation suggested by his juniors.

So it is the American practice to short-circuit all intermediaries. The man or woman with the idea writes it down on a piece of paper and then posts it straight to the firm's suggestion officer.

We could do it

Diffidence they overcome by not requiring the man with a suggestion to put his name to it if he feels disinclined. A number will do instead. And duly there is a notice on the board adding the originator of idea No. 2038 to call around at the manager's office.

Nothing but prejudice stands in the way of British copying such a well-tested example. They could even better it.

During the war there were means—rather fortuitous means, I admit—to enable any man with a good idea to get it through to the Chiefs of Staff.

Peace conditions (so-called) do not give that scope to the layman. Why not?

It was one man's idea to tighten a matchbox on both sides. It was another's, reached after running up five flights, to make the staircase move instead of the individual who had to climb it. These thoughts struck the Chiefs of Staff. They had to be taken seriously. They had to be taken seriously.

There was no channel to get these ideas through. There was no channel to get these ideas through. There was no channel to get these ideas through.

There was no channel to get these ideas through. There was no channel to get these ideas through. There was no channel to get these ideas through.

There was no channel to get these ideas through. There was no channel to get these ideas through. There was no channel to get these ideas through.



"But I've got one radio set so why should I buy another?"

The advantages of having two radio receivers are not far to seek. How useful a second set would be to you and your family will be obvious to you when you see the new Philips Radios in your home. It is a very real advantage. There is no disputing that. Due to special Philips engineering, these Radios are more reliable than any other Radios on the market. They are also easier to use. And they are cheaper than you think. So why not have two?

PHILIPS

PHILIPS

PHILIPS

PHILIPS

PHILIPS

JOHNSON'S WARNING OF ATTACK ON U.S.

First annual report

Washington, January 30.

The Secretary of Defence Mr. Louis Johnson, soberly cautioned tonight that an attack on the United States could come from the opposite hemisphere without warning and with unpredictable fury. He put this warning into his first annual report, in which he noted parenthetically that Russia now has the secret of atomic explosives.

Chiang says SE Asia push started

New York, January 30.

Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek said today that the Chinese Communists have begun military expansion into South East Asia, according to a copy-righted interview cable from Tsooshan, Taiwan, to the Scripps-Howard newspapers by correspondent Clyde Farnsworth.

The dispatch carried here by the "World Telegram" said the Communists, instead of consolidating their China conquest, are pushing into South East Asia.

Farnsworth wrote, "They are putting pressure on French Indochina as the weakest link in the line-up against international Communism. Chiang said in the interview. But overrunning that country is merely preparatory to an attack on India, he contended. "In Indo-China, the Generalissimo pointed out, Moscow-trained leader Ho Chi Minh has already commanded strong native Communist forces in the country borders on Communist China." Farnsworth, after Chiang had discussed the Indo-China situation, asked the Generalissimo what he believed would be the next Communist objective. He said Chiang replied, "India." Asked "and then what," Chiang, he said, was silent for a moment and then replied, "I only quote Lenin. Lenin said that the shortest way to Europe was through Asia."—United Press.

AUXILIARY A.F. FOR MALAYA

Singapore, January 30. Malaya is to have an Auxiliary Air Force, under a Bill gazetted in the Federation today. A similar Bill is to be introduced shortly in the Singapore Legislative Council. The Bill would be a single unit under the Air Officer Commanding, Malaya, and would be liable for service outside the country.—Router.

Jap Diet members barred from Boston CC meet

Boston, January 30.

Members of the Japanese Diet, here to see democracy at work, were barred today from a meeting of the Boston City Council after one Council member intimated they were acting as spies. Council member James S. Coffey, who introduced the order to bar the 14 Japanese visitors from the Council chambers, declared: "They are probably here taking pictures of fortresses and trying to learn all they can about the A-Bomb."

"We are feeding them and clothing them. But do not educate them so that they can start another war in a few years."

The vote was 11 to 6 to bar the Japanese visitors.

Council member Coffey described himself as a disabled World War I veteran and said his son served in Germany and caught malaria in World War II.

The Japanese refused to comment on the Council action but Army Lieutenant Colonel Robert V. Shainn, travelling with the group, issued the following statement:

"The Department of the Army wishes to re-emphasize that the present mission of the Japanese Diet representatives in the U.S. is based on General Douglas MacArthur's desire that these legislators of the rebuilding Japan should have a chance to see at first hand the inside workings of the democratic process."

"The establishment of the new Japan with a government modelled to a large extent on our own is a sacred, an insurance for a lasting peace to that part of the world which is so closely integrated with and important to our own country."

City Hall welcome
The City Council's action came but a few minutes before the Japanese representatives to the Diet members and their wives were welcomed to City Hall by Mayor John D. Wynn.

A short time later, for Mayor Wynn's invitation, the Diet representatives were taken to the City Hall hotel quarters while the argument was in progress. Associated Press.

But at another point, Mr. Johnson expressed belief the prospect of war is diminishing, despite the Russian attitude. He wrote:

"While we must recognize the bitter truth that there can be no real peace and security so long as our free world is blighted by the sinister shadow of an aggressive totalitarian power, which has persistently refused to cooperate with its Democratic neighbors and which has repeatedly demonstrated hostility to our form of government... we have good reason to believe that the prospects of averting another world conflict are steadily improving."

The military strength of the United States, he declared, has much to do with discouraging a venture into a shooting war by an aggressor nation.

Alaska defences

Reports from his secretaries as of last June, included in his report, gave some hints of how matters are going in the northern bastion, Alaska, and the whole Arctic defence perimeter.

The Army Secretary Mr. Gordon Gray, reported that troop strength in Alaska last June 30 was 6,500. (It has since grown to about 8,000.) The combat force was made up of a single battalion of an infantry regiment and one anti-aircraft battalion. He declared that three more anti-aircraft battalions and another increment of infantry were earmarked for permanent station in Alaska, but still are in the States because no housing is available.

The Navy Secretary Mr. Francis P. Matthews, gave brief glimpses of some new plans, for the sea service in the Arctic zone, beyond which lies Russia. He spoke of an LSD (landing ship, dock) being equipped for polar work, and said it is capable of launching substantial numbers of amphibious craft in sub-freezing areas.

Landing craft and amphibious tanks have been equipped for such Arctic operations, Matthews said. (Some strategists have contended the short route to Russia, for surface attack as well as bombing planes, is through the Arctic to the Siberian coast.) On the defensive side of the Arctic picture, the Navy report showed attention being given to a matter long disturbing strategists—transportation to the remote, but highly valuable, oil fields near Point Barrow, on the North coast of Alaska. The Navy report said an icebreaker and several cargo ships have been

operating in the area, studying various aspects of the logistic support of the Navy's petroleum reserve near Point Barrow. In his report, the Air Secretary, Mr. W. Stuart Symington, reaffirmed belief of the USAF that from a military standpoint, 70 groups (or its equivalent (now 57 groups)), is necessary for the minimum peacetime security of the United States.

Ernest desire

But Symington said "It is our earnest desire to support the Administration's budget, because we realize economic disaster could be equivalent to military disaster." (President Truman has ordered a 48-group Air Force, to which the USAF has now reduced its strength. However, the size of some groups has been increased.)

The report disclosed the Air Force is experimenting with aerial refuelling of three fighter planes at one time from a single tanker plane. On the North Atlantic military assistance programme, Johnson said he does "not foresee immediate and spectacular results."

Should Western Europe be overrun by a hostile power and should its vast industrial and manpower potentials be added to those of such an aggressor, the United States would stand isolated in a dangerously insecure position.

"In the event that the United States is involved in hostilities, the armed forces of Western Europe, operating under integrated plans for its defence, must be able to hold the lines of collective defence of the North Atlantic area during the time that would be required for the United States to mobilize, equip, train and transport our own troops across the Atlantic Ocean."—Associated Press.

Uniscan is born in Paris

Paris, January 30.

Uniscan, a limited financial union of Britain, Sweden, Norway and Denmark, was born in Paris today.

The agreement was signed for Britain by Sir Stafford Cripps, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Foreign Minister; for Sweden, by Halvard Lange, Foreign Minister; for Norway, by Gustav Rasmussen, Foreign Minister.

Uniscan's first act was to take the limit off tourist spending among the four countries, except for Norway, which said it would not increase tourist allowances at present.

Up to now British tourists, for instance, could only spend £50 a year outside the Sterling Area.

The agreement, to take effect on March 1, was announced at a Press conference by Mr. Lange in the British Embassy in Paris. The conference followed an hour's meeting of the four Ministers.—Associated Press.

Colonel George P. Lynch, of the Office of the Under-Secretary of the Army and in charge of the Japanese delegation, said: "We never asked that this group be invited to call on the City Council. The suggestion was made in the office of the Mayor."

An Army spokesman in Washington said the tour of a number of other cities by the Japanese would not be affected by the incident here. He added that if the Boston Council wanted to, ban them from its meeting "that is their prerogative."

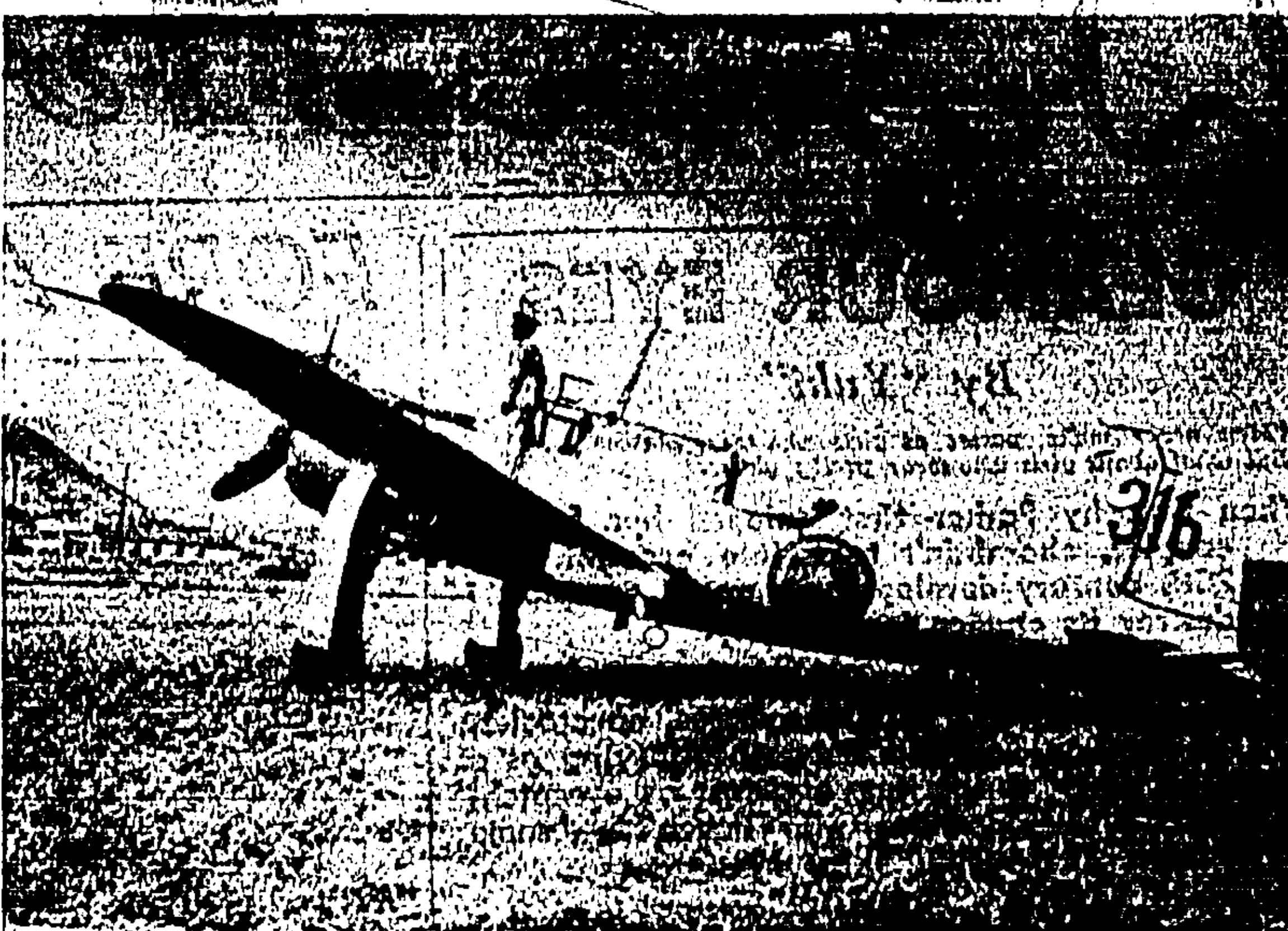
Colonel Lynch said the Japanese would not be affected by the incident here. He added that if the Boston Council wanted to, ban them from its meeting "that is their prerogative."

Colonel Lynch said the Japanese would not be affected by the incident here. He added that if the Boston Council wanted to, ban them from its meeting "that is their prerogative."

Colonel Lynch said the Japanese would not be affected by the incident here. He added that if the Boston Council wanted to, ban them from its meeting "that is their prerogative."

Colonel Lynch said the Japanese would not be affected by the incident here. He added that if the Boston Council wanted to, ban them from its meeting "that is their prerogative."

Colonel Lynch said the Japanese would not be affected by the incident here. He added that if the Boston Council wanted to, ban them from its meeting "that is their prerogative."



The Emperor Haile Selassie, ruler of Ethiopia, prepares to enter one of his air force's Swedish Safr planes at the military airport at Harar, Harar, near Addis Ababa, capital of his nation. The picture was made during recent Ethiopian Air Force manoeuvres.—Associated Press Photo.

Cominform's nerve war against Tito a failure

Vienna, January 30.

The war of nerves launched by the Cominform against Marshal Tito has failed, according to military and political observers in Vienna.

Watching the struggle closely from this observation post in Austria, these observers declare that the attempt to soften up Marshal Tito and his Government in order to make them the more easy to destroy has resulted only in a toughening of the Yugoslav attitude towards the Soviet Union.

The economic blockade which the Cominform nations has enforced against Yugoslavia, they argue, has in fact put the country into a better, instead of a worse, position.

The valuable copper, bauxite, zinc, lead and other minerals which were being drained off to the East in return for poor quality goods at high prices are now fetching high prices in the United States in dollars which are convertible into good quality machinery, raw materials and consumer goods at much lower prices.

In brief, what was lost by the denunciation of trade agreements with the East has been more than compensated by the signature of new agreements with Britain, the United States and other Western countries.

Even the rattling of sabres did not unduly alarm Marshal Tito. When the Russians, with much unusual display, moved their 28th Mechanised Division from Temesvar, in Rumania, to Szekesmet, in Hungary, and for a time kept four of their latest type four-engine bombers flying patrols up and down the Hungarian-Yugoslav frontier, Marshal Tito, it is recalled here, showed no anxiety and did not move any of his troops from the strategic positions in which they had been placed.

Nor did the strengthening of the Bulgarian frontier guards and of the Bulgarian Regular Army formations along the Yugoslav borders unduly disturb him.

According to expert opinion here, during the summer and autumn of 1949, Marshal Tito did not move a single one of his 30 divisions for military reasons—although there was some temporary transfer of troops from Croatia and Macedonia to help in road construction work in Serbia during the summer.

On the contrary, these experts

such as attempts to infiltrate agents into Yugoslavia to produce a revolution which would eliminate Marshal Tito and his supporters have failed.

Change of attitude

Indications of this change of attitude, which the Soviet Union will obviously try to keep secret, are reported already to have been observed. One of these is said to be the intensive efforts to strengthen and expand the Hungarian Army.

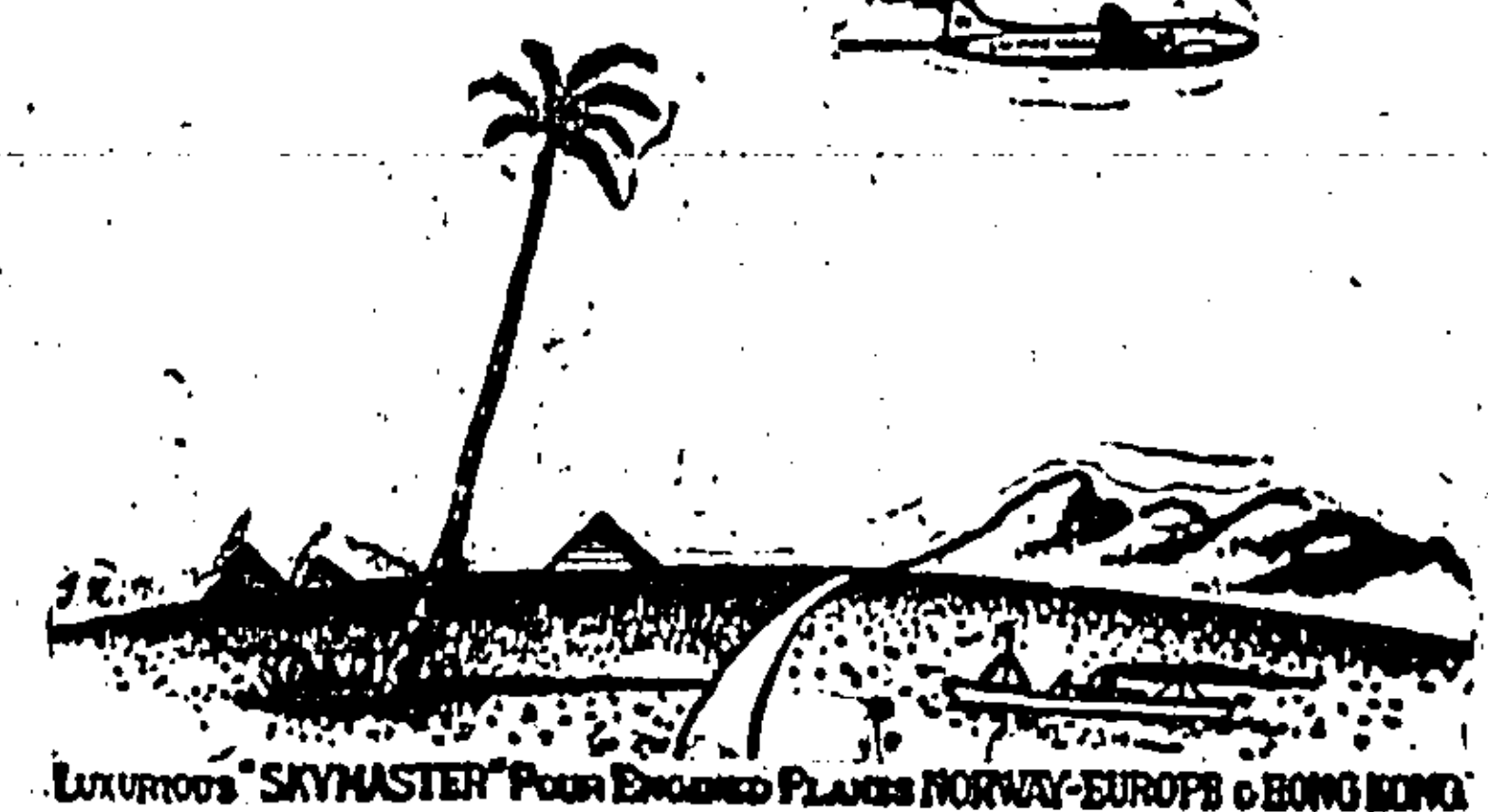
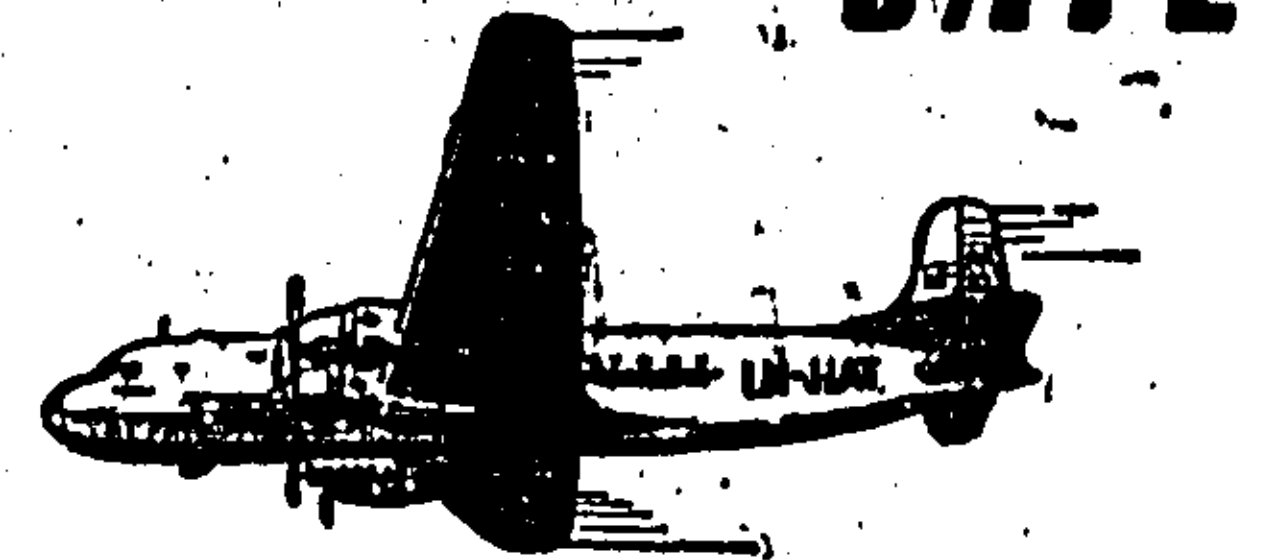
Reports reaching Vienna from Hungary by underground routes state that the Government has recently ordered huge quantities of "culling up paper"—many marked "urgent," "immediate" or "extraordinary"—for delivery early this year.

New police registration measures, which place great stress on former military service, have also been introduced, while plans are said to have been prepared to extend military service in Hungary to cover all males between the ages of 16 and 40 and to introduce labour service for all males between the ages of 40 and 60 and all females between the ages of 16 and 50.

Recently, too, Hungary has, according to the latest reports reaching Vienna from usually reliable sources, reinforced her frontier guards on the Yugoslav frontier. No less than 10 battalions—two-thirds of Hungary's total frontier guard strength, are said to be stretched along this 300-mile frontier.

The object of this manoeuvre is said to be to prevent Marshal Tito's agents from penetrating into Hungary—and, even more urgently, to stop the flow of political refugees which has been running strongly into Yugoslavia, taking advantage of Marshal Tito's promise of sanctuary—delayed until other measures, Reuter.

BRAATHENS SOUTH AMERICAN & FAR EAST AIRTRANSPORT A/S S.A.F.E.



HONGKONG-OSLO

via AMSTERDAM

BOOKINGS ACCEPTED FOR ANY EUROPEAN DESTINATION

BRAATHENS S.A.F.E. AIRTRANSPORT A/S. DEPARTURES EVERY FRIDAY 9 A.M.

(Every second Friday in conjunction with C.P.A.)

For Passage & Freight Bookings Apply to—

WALLEM & CO., LTD.

Agents:

Hong Kong & Shanghai Bank Bldg.

Tel: 34177-9

OFF to AUSTRALIA?

Call

JARDINE'S AIRWAYS DEPT.

Phone 37765/6 or 59161/2/3

Qantas
Empire Airways

will fly you to Sydney in two days in the 1st class comfort of a SkyMaster! This is the quickest and cheapest way to Australia! CALL THE AGENTS

JARDINE'S AIRWAYS DEPT.

64 Queen Road Hong Kong 1 Pinnell Arcade Sydney



In 1949 SAS flew more than 500,000 passengers to 65 cities—30 countries—on 5 continents.

FAR EAST/EUROPE LUXURIOUS DC-6 SERVICE

Pressurized Cabin—Scandinavian Food & Service

Hong Kong/Bangkok by PAA or CPA

Bangkok/Europe by SAS-DC 6

Departures for Europe, Africa and the Americas

Feb. 3rd, & 17th Mar. 3rd, 17th and 31st

Weekly flights from April 13th

SCANDINAVIAN AIRLINES SYSTEM

General Agents for Hong Kong, Canton and South China

THOMPSON & CO., LTD.

Queen's Building, 2nd Floor, Telephone: 3444-45

(No. 1 Lee Street) Telephone: 3444-45

PAY YOUR WAY TO THE U.S.A.

IN HONG KONG DOLLARS

New York	HK\$4,771.19
Seattle	HK\$4,148.36
Chicago	HK\$4,739.19
Washington D.C.	HK\$4,771.19
Minneapolis	HK\$4,643.48

Northwest Airlines offers the fastest service to the Pacific Northwest, Middle West and East Coast of the U.S.A.—only Northwest flies direct to the Pacific AND the U.S.A.

For Information and Reservations: NORTHWEST AIRLINES

c/o American Travel Club, 21 George Street, Hong Kong

Connecting Airlines of Tokyo & Manila

NORTHWEST AIRLINES

The Official Airline of U.S.A. Coast to Coast

THE NEW ZEALAND INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED

For Insurance with Service?

BRANCH OFFICE: 12-14 Queen's Road, Central, Hong Kong. Phone: 30059 or 31681.

BLOUSES

In exclusive TIE SILKS

by *Ascher*

ready made or made to order

at
Paquerette Ltd.
Gloucester Bldg. Des Voeux Rd.

Marie Louise

Announces
A NEW SHIPMENT
of

EVENING DRESSES, COCKTAIL SUITS
and GABARDINE DRESSES

Corner shop Lower Peak Tram Station. Tel. 23651.

EXTRAORDINARY
OFFER BY

MODE ELITE

NATURAL RANCH
MINK CAPES 25%
MINK COATS

Yes, Mink prices are on the way up, and if you've been thinking of Mink . . . this is the time to invest. You know that when you buy Mink . . . you're investing your money not just for one season but for many seasons to come. That's why it was our good (and your) when an outstanding maker offered us his fine Mink Capes in exchange for cash. Before we said "yes" . . . we made certain that they met I.J. Jox, America's largest furrier standards of quality and craftsmanship. Now we offer them at a price that saves you almost \$3000! Sumptuous, flare back sling capes in dark, gleaming Natural Ranch Mink . . . the final touch to daytime and evening ensembles!

Drastic reductions on

COATS, SUITS, DRESSES, SHOES, BAGS &
FOUNDATION GARMENTS.

JUST AIR-DELIVERED
GEORGEOUS GOWNS FOR PARTYWEAR

MODE ELITE

Kayamally Building, ground floor.

22, Queen's Road, C. Hongkong. Tel. 24082.

Woman Today

GLAMOUR EYES

By "Yuki"

"Men never make passes at girls who wear glasses" . . .
But what about girls who wear pretty glasses?

When Dorothy Parker first quipped her famous couplet, she didn't take into account that 20th century developments would completely destroy its chance for posterity.

Nowadays, most girls have been sensible enough to realise that a pair of glasses, spectacles, or what-you-will can be as beautifying as a brand new spring hat, and just as eye-catching. And for those who haven't—some advice.

First of all, you must realise that your glasses are going to do quite as much for you as that new hat. Right? So you see, there's no putting off that hither to evil day when you have to force yourself to buy a pair of glasses. No, sirree, that attitude is as old-fashioned as whalebone corsets.

The next step is to go along to your optician with your optometrist's or your doctor's prescription, and ask him to make up your glasses for you. He will advise you as to shape, style and colour—but the final choice is up to you.

Find out what suits you

You'll find yourself confronted with more styles and designs than ever before, so don't panic and just choose the biggest and brightest pair you can see. Sit down and consider each carefully; go over them with a fine toothcomb (or an eyeglass would probably be more appropriate) and listen faithfully to the advice of the optician. He's specially trained in the business after all, and although you'd hate to admit it, he can probably analyse your face and its features in a flash—and more accurately than you would have done yourself after an hour in front of the mirror.

Here are some basic rules to have in mind before you enter the optician's front door.

If you're a blonde, a pale blue rim will suit you beautifully; if you're a brunette, red's your colour, and another suggestion from a fashion-conscious male in the eye business is lavender; red-heads must be careful (don't they always have to be?); they could choose a dark brown if they have a pale skin that's inclined to be lifeless, or a fawn shade if their hair is of the brilliant red variety, combined with a freckled complexion.

The best general rule to observe when choosing the shape of your glasses is that their line should follow the line of the orbital cavity; that is, the bony structure that surrounds your eye. If it's inclined to be small, make sure that your glasses are not going to be too large for it, and vice versa; follow its general line, upwards or downwards, with the shape of your glass rims and you'll have fairly accurate basis for judgment.

It's hard to generalise when choosing fashion accessories (and you know now that glasses come into this category, don't you?) because personality and age play such an important part in their choice, just as much as the shape and colouring of your face.

However, broad faces have generally been found to be suited by the more modern type of design, in which a squaring of the lens is incorporated with an up-swing of the frame towards the temples. The narrow face can carry a pair of glasses of a more modified design.

Then, of course, your nose and jawline will come into account. A heavy, square jawline is not going to be able to stand an equally heavy pair of frames. Nor is it a good idea to offset a narrow, pointed jawline with frames that are going to carry on that narrow, pointed appearance.

If you've a long thin nose, the optician can set the bridgepiece of the frames a little lower on the bridge of your nose to foreshorten it. And alternatively, for a short nose he can set the bridgepiece slightly higher to give an illusion of length.

Consider your eyebrows

Remember, too, that your eyebrow has a part to play over and above your eyewear. It's one of the most expressive features in your face, so don't let the upper rims of your glasses hide its line.

The glasses should fit just below, so that each eyebrow actually frames the rim itself. A fine eyebrow line should be offset by a fine rim; a bushy eyebrow can stand heavier framework.

And now personality—you, YOU, YOU. If you're quiet and timid you're not going to feel very comfy in a pair of glasses that are arch and coquettish. You can be as modified as you like, but with a modified version, please (completely oval or round shape are forbidden—they're right out of date!).

If you are young, gay and pretty then you can afford to let your head go as regards shaping—because you can wear the flirtest pair of spectacles ever seen with all the confidence in the world.

From the point of view of fashion, you should have several pairs of glasses—in pretty pastels to tone with your outfits, for evening wear, and for beach and casual wear. Of course, it's not always possible to do this—and that's when you must be doubly careful to make the perfect choice which will be right for every occasion.

There's no excuse to be haphazard or neglectful in choosing your eyewear, because opticians are making it a simpler, more enjoyable task every day. They have every style, colour, shape and design for you to choose from and—what is more important—they have the interests of your eyes in their hearts.

RECIPES

Cheese-topped score ring

8oz self-raising flour, ½ tsp salt, ¼ cup milk, 1oz shortening, 2 oz grated cheese, 1 extra tablespoon shortening, parsley to garnish.

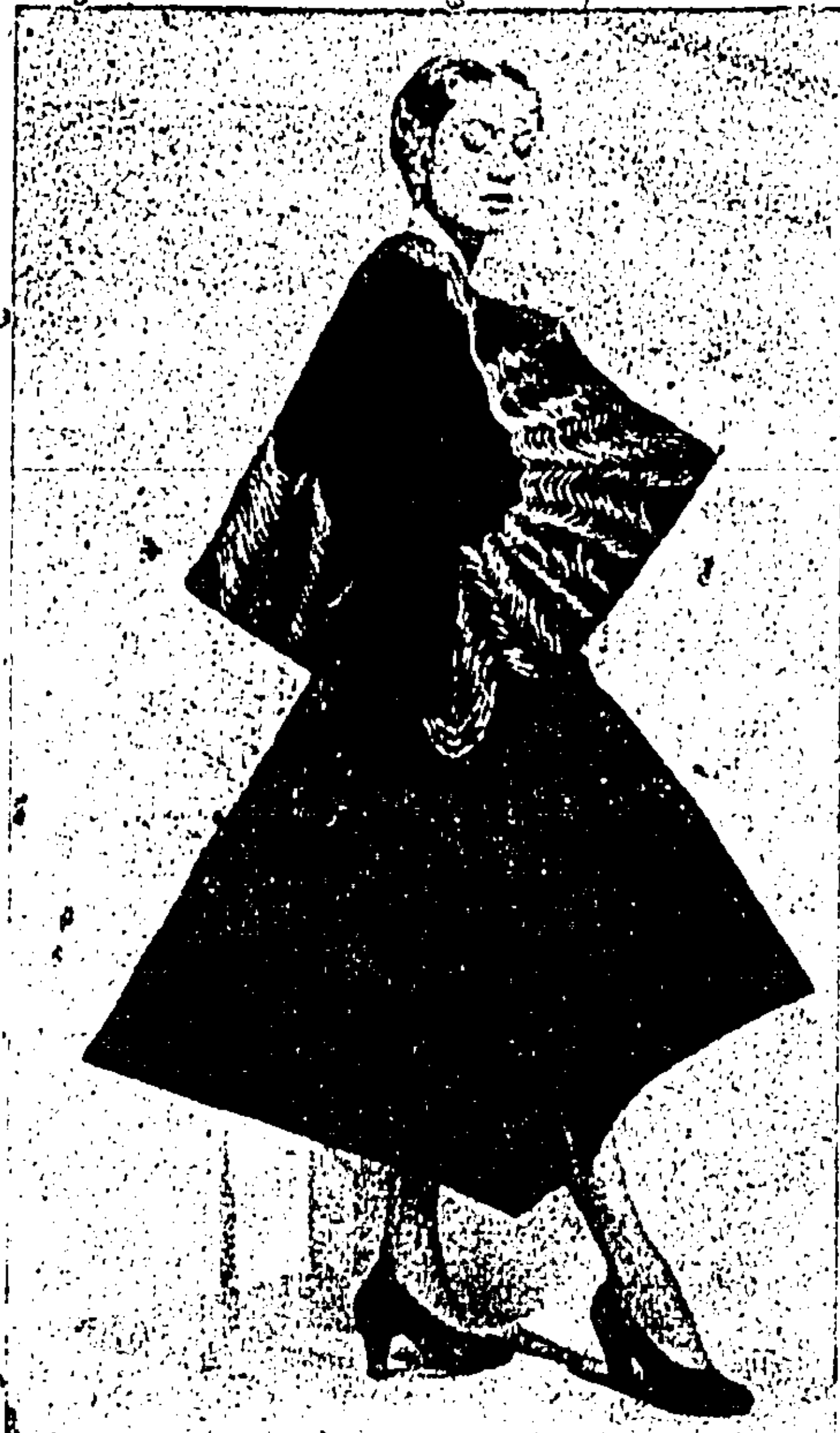
Sift the flour and salt together into a basin. Rub in the oil or shortening with the tips of the fingers. Add sufficient milk to make into a soft dough.

Turn on to a lightly floured board and roll out about ¼ inch thick. Cut into rounds with a 2-inch cutter.

Place the rounds into a well-greased sandwich tin. Place the grated cheese and extra shortening into a saucepan and stir over low heat until the cheese has melted.

Pour over the scones. Bake in a hot oven, temp. 475 deg. F, for 5-60 deg. F, electric, about 15 minutes. Turn out and serve garnished with parsley.

FORE AND AFT



Schiaparelli calls her latest silhouette the "House of Cards." Made in red velvet and embroidered in rows of multi-coloured sequins, both jacket and skirt are cut and wired into points going fore and aft down. Over the ear the mannequin wears a new idea, half ear ring, half hair clip, in paved diamond flowers.—Associated Press Photo.

Adventures in colour

Ever wish a favorite dress or blouse could change colour? Well, the process is quite simple, and with the variety of colours in dyes, the job can be done economically at home.

For instance, little girls often have light dresses which will be outgrown before another summer rolls by. But dye the dresses a darker shade, and the growing youngsters can continue to wear them into winter.

By the same token, it is most practical to change brother's faded cotton shorts to a rich dark brown.

You will find greens can be dyed dark blue, dark red, purple or brown; blues can be dyed dark green, dark brown or black; reds can be dyed dark blue or black. Pale pinks and blues will take almost any colour.

The colour changes one can effect are not restricted to plain colours; the colour combination of a print dress can be varied without losing the pattern.

A black and white print dress will come out of a rose dye bath in rose and black combination. A pink and blue pattern dyed in deeper blue produce a harmonising blue and lilac.

Home dyeing, of course, is not limited to clothes. Changing the colour of loose covers is sometimes the simplest and most economical way of redecorating.

For fine silks, muslins and all materials which cannot be boiled,

use cold-water dyes; for fabrics that can be subjected to high temperatures use hot water dyes.

BOB SHOE

Most Famous Shoes
in Shanghai

FOR

STYLE—COMFORT
U.S. LASTS—SHANGHAI
WORKERS

Sizes: 3—7½
AA—E

KING'S CO.

28A, Des Voeux Road,
Tel: 31846

25%
DISCOUNT
ON
ALL
DRESSES
COATS
&
ROBES

Excella
8 CRICKETING GROUNDS, KOWLOON TEL 50415

Elizabeth Arden
SALON TREATMENTS
are available in Hong Kong only at
LANE CRAWFORD'S—MEZZANINE FLOOR—TELEPHONE 28181



ELIZABETH ARDEN'S
latest colour

Crimson Lilac
SOLE AGENTS

LANE, CRAWFORD LTD.

RIGAUD



16
Rue De La Paix,
Paris

PERFUMES

Sole Distributors
E. OTT & CO. LTD.
French Bank Bldg.

*Parfume
with the
Brazilian Allure*

Precision

Elegance and
Distinction
A precious and
lasting gift.

Nivada
PRECISION WATCHES
Available at all reliable watch dealers

The look of beauty
Is more than ordinary prettiness. It's also the serene, unruffled look that comes from a restful mind. Poise can always be yours . . . with Modess. Waterproof backing gives confidence, rounded ends and sides can't show, and Modess stays soft.

Modess
Sealless Tulle

Modess
Sole Agent IMPERIAL TRADING CO., LTD.

ACHESON URGES SUPPORT OF NEW AID PLANS FOR S. KOREA REPUBLIC

Ten-year plan for Jerusalem

Washington, January 30. The Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, today asked the House of Representatives' foreign policy leaders to support a new effort to provide economic aid for South Korea.

The House of Representatives recently rejected by one vote a Bill to give the Republic \$60,000,000 to help its economy.

Now an amended Bill, already passed by the Senate, will be submitted to the House of Representatives for another vote. The new Bill would also extend the \$60,000,000 aid termination date from February until June 30 this year.

Mr. Acheson told the House Foreign Affairs Committee that the aid was necessary to support the South Korean Republic's economy. The United States had a very considerable responsibility towards the Republic, which it had sponsored.

"To stop aid now would be a most unfortunate thing," he said. "It would undo all the efforts that have been put into Korea."

In answer to a question, he said there were no indications of any attack by North Korea on the Southern Republic, but added that there was always a possibility. He thought that the South Korean Republic could take care of any disturbances.

Mr. Acheson recommended these divisions:

Israeli Sector:—Practically the whole of the New City, with the station and railway from Jerusalem to Tel Aviv.

Jordanian Sector:—The Arab quarters of the Old City, the American colony, the whole of the Jerusalem Road, the Nabulus Road to the North of Sheikh Jarruh and the Hebron Road to the South of Bethlehem.

International City:—Land taken in almost equal parts from the occupation zones defined in the Israel-Jordan armistice agreement to include all the holy places administered, under the supervision of the Trusteeship Council, by a "Governor of the Holy Places" appointed by the Council.

The Governor would have at his disposal an international police force to protect the zone and the holy places. The International City would fly the United Nations flag, and its inhabitants could either retain their present nationality or become citizens of the new "City."

They would elect a Municipal Council, on which the various religions would be represented fairly, and representatives of Israel and Jordan would be accredited to the International City to protect their interests in the zone.

After 10 years the whole Statute would be reviewed and the inhabitants of the International City entitled to a referendum on any changes required.

The United Nations General Assembly voted to internationalise Jerusalem last December

the meeting to enlighten the Committee on the present situation in China.

He added that the China situation had been discussed all the way through and no other subject had been taken up, but he declined to give any details.

Westerling condemned by Dutch

Sourabaya, January 30. The Dutch Minister for Union Affairs and Overseas Territories, Mr. J. H. van Maarseveen, who left for a two-day visit to the Isle of Bali on Saturday, told the press on his arrival at Sourabaya airport that Westerling was an enemy of both the Netherlands and the United States of Indonesia, according to Aneta, the Dutch news agency.

The Minister said his activities were equally dangerous to the Netherlands and the United States. He said the Netherlands Government in condemning his activities fully back the Indonesian Government.

Meanwhile, the Indonesian Home Affairs Minister and former East Indonesian Premier, Anuk Agung, told Aneta that if the Pasundan Government would ask the U.S. Central Government for aid, political difficulties in Negara might be solved.

Aid could be given, Anuk Agung said, if the Pasundan Government had been authorised to ask for aid by its Parliament.

The Home Affairs Department at the moment was planning for a new Pasundan administration, Anuk Agung declared, adding that he would go to Bandung to study the practical implementation of these plans as soon as the Pasundan Government had decided to ask the Central Government for aid.

At the invitation of Anuk Agung, two Cabinet members arrived at Jakarta on Saturday to discuss the circumstances around the arrest of Pasundan's Premier, Tjokrominoto. The members included the Acting Premier, Suradirdja, and a Minister, Barnes.

It was earlier reported that Parliament on Friday adopted a non-confidence motion on the Tjokrominoto Cabinet.—Reuter.

9, and empowered the Trusteeship Council to draw up a plan. The Council requested Mr. Garreau to draw up a working paper on the whole situation.—Reuter.

Britain to recognise Bao Dai regime

London, January 31. Britain will announce recognition of Emperor Bao Dai's regime in Indo-China in the next week or so, diplomatic officials said on Monday. Parallel action will probably be taken by the United States, said afterwards these sources said.

British recognition of Bao Dai will be de facto. Full or de jure recognition will be given only when the British are satisfied that the newly formed regime can cope with the country-wide revolutionary movement which has torn Indo-China ever since the Japanese occupation.

Britain promised France last year that it would recognise Bao Dai's government after the French parliament formally ratified the March 1949 accord between the Indo-Chinese leader and the President of the French Republic.

The accord was ratified by the National Assembly on Sunday after a bitter debate.

It gives Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia—the three states which make up Indo-China—full internal autonomy but reserves defence and foreign affairs matters to be decided by a joint Indo-Chinese French high council in Paris.

American recognition of the new state was foreshadowed on Friday by Dr. Philip Jessup, ambassador at large, who sent a goodwill message to Bao Dai.—Associated Press.

NEW OIL FIELD FOUND IN AUSTRIA

Vienna, January 30. A new Austrian oil field has been discovered between the rivers Mur and Aras to the East of Aras in Styria, British oil experts here said today.

They believed it might offset the loss caused to Austrian economy by the Russian claim to 60 per cent of the Zistersdorf oil fields yield.

Boring will begin shortly. Surveys have shown the area may be richer in oil than the Zistersdorf oil field.—Reuter.



This is Nino Loe, a six-year-old boy from San Severo in Italy's poverty-stricken Apulia, who won a share in a £250 nationwide prize for good deeds. Nino kept his secret for almost a year until complications compelled him to confess. Every day, Nino had taken his noon-time meal to a little girl who did not have enough to eat. Meanwhile, Nino grew thinner and thinner. Worried, Nino's mother took him to a doctor who said the boy was under-nourished. Angrily, the mother protested. The boy, she said, had regular meals and ate heartily after school. Nino finally confessed that he had given his midday lunch to a little girl and had not eaten it as he had formerly insisted to his teacher and mother.—Associated Press Photo.

Loan reports are fantastic, PI Minister declares

Washington, January 30. The Philippine Finance Minister, Mr. Pio Pedrosa, today termed fantastic Manila reports that President Elpidio Quirino will seek a \$250,000,000 loan from the United States. He denied that a \$100,000,000 currency stabilisation loan was under consideration.

"We have 80 per cent dollars behind our notes and 57 per cent dollars behind our notes and demand deposits," Mr. Pedrosa said in an interview. "These reserves are higher than those of any other nation, so why would we want currency stabilisation credit on which we would have to pay interest?"

A few timid souls in the Philippines may offer such talk, but I assure you no active consideration is being given the matter."

Mr. Pedrosa said, however, a last minute change, President Quirino will come here on Tuesday and stay the rest of the week at the Shorham Hotel. He and President Quirino probably will return to Manila thereafter.

"President Quirino's one aim at present is to get well," Mr. Pedrosa said of reports that Mr. Quirino was planning to place various Philippine records before President Harry Truman.

Truman's invitation President Truman has invited President Quirino to lunch on Friday and President Quirino will accept if his health permits, Mr. Pedrosa said. "However, I do not think he will attempt any heavy financial or political talk during the luncheon."

The island's Finance Minister said he hopes to see U.S. Treasury Secretary Mr. John Snyder in the next few days about technical assistance the Treasury is extending the Philippine Finance Ministry relative to tax collections.

Mr. Pedrosa said he was at a loss to explain reports from Manila that President Quirino is seeking loans here.

"We are not even concerned with a possible World Bank loan," he declared. "Some Filipino sources may be trying to sabotage President Quirino's efforts on behalf of the government by saying he is seeking loans, then when such do not materialise, they will charge that President Quirino failed."

"President Quirino at present is not thinking about trying to borrow money from anyone."

Concerning news reports relating to disappearance of U.S. surplus war materials in the Philippines, Mr. Pedrosa expressed belief "it is premature to say what the situation is. He said the Philippine surplus property liquidation office received the materials from the Philippines Surplus Property Commission which took over the materials from U.S. authorities."

"Liquidation of the office has not yet been reported to President Quirino so we do not know what the final situation is," Associated Press.

French in Indo-China watchful

Saigon, January 30. The French authorities in Indo-China are watching the possibility of contact and mutual aid between the Chinese Communists and the Viet-minh Nationalists, but know of no frontier incidents it was officially stated here today.

Communist China recognised the Viet-minh Government 10 days ago.

Today's announcement said: "So far nothing on the Tonkin frontier. Nearly the whole Northern frontier of Vietnam is now controlled on the Chinese side by the Communist authorities. No incident has been reported between Franco-Vietnamese units and Communist elements."

Reports that 30,000 Chinese Communists had attacked the Indo-Chinese border town of Langson, and that Chinese Nationalist troops interned in Indo-China would be evacuated to Nationalist-held Hainan Island and Taiwan, were again denied in the official announcement.

It confirmed that more Chinese Nationalist troops belonging to the 20th Army stationed in Yunnan Province had crossed the border into Indo-China in the last few days near Laokay, a border town on the Red River about 90 miles North West of Hanoi, but said that the total number of Nationalist troops now in Indo-China was not known.

These Chinese troops, according to a usually reliable source, are being sent to an internment camp near Laokay, on the Black River, 80 miles South West of Laokay.—Reuter.

Anti-Soviet saboteurs at work

London, January 30. Fourteen persons have been killed and at least three workshops destroyed by anti-Soviet saboteurs in Russian-occupied Eastern Germany, the official Soviet news agency, Tass, said today.

Three spy rings have been broken up by Eastern German officials, Radio Moscow said in reporting the Tass statement.

Tass said the saboteurs, "reactionary Fascist Imperialist circles, are trying to hamper the democratic republic."

Tass cited a sabotage report by Erich Mille, General Inspector for the protection of the Eastern German national economy. It said two persons were killed and 600,000 marks' damage was done in a subversive explosion at Gnashwitz, on September 9.

Three workshops were destroyed and work was stopped for two months. It said that on December 17 another explosion at Gnashwitz killed three persons. At Schoenebeck, on the Elbe, nine persons were killed in an explosion on January 3.

The Tass report said that rifles, pistols and large quantities of ammunition were found in Brandenburg.—United Press.

SPOT PRICE FOR RUBBER HIGH

London, January 30. The spot price for rubber on the London Market today reached the highest level in free market trading for over 21 years.

Today's final price was 15½d. to 15¾d. per pound, which has not been exceeded since 1928.

Factors behind today's firmness were a rise in prices at Singapore, an announcement that the Economic Co-operation Administration Mission to Britain is considering the purchase of small quantities of rubber through the London market and a scarcity of offers.—Reuter.

MACKINTOSH'S HAVE A FURTHER CONSIGNMENT OF ALLEN, SOLLY'S TWIN SETS

SOME OF WHICH ARE ON SHOW IN THEIR SMALL WINDOW IN ALEXANDRA ARCADE.



They're well worn... but they've worn well!

...thanks to

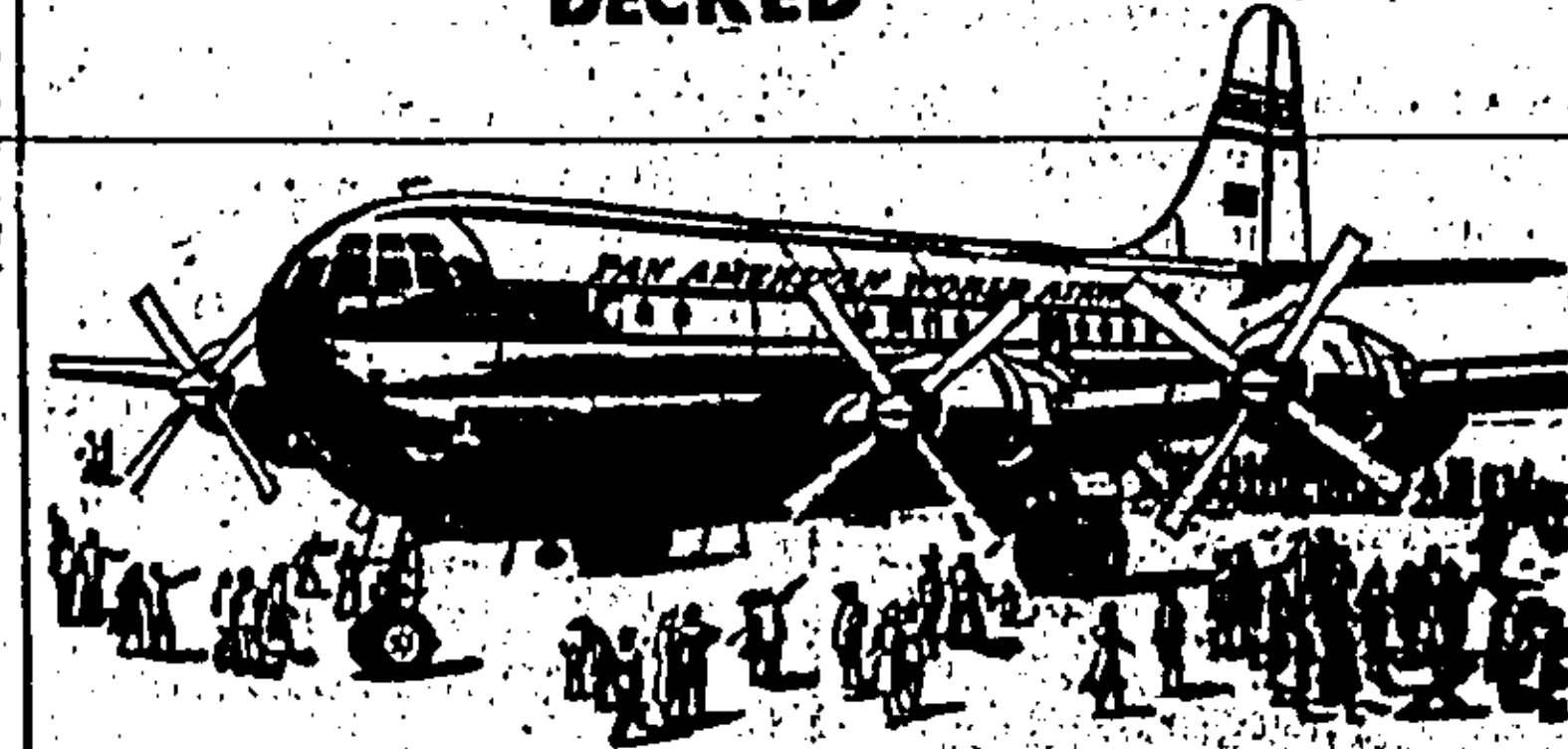
KIWI

Black & Dark Tan

Sole Agents for Hong Kong & South China
W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA) LTD.
York Building. Tel. 34185.

Manila AND THE U.S.A.

NEW DOUBLE DECKED CLIPPERS



World's largest, fastest airliners offer the finest in air travel to America

Enjoy extra luxury, extra speed—at no extra cost! Pan American's new double-decked Clippers offer you scores of improvements. Reclining lounge seats. Club lounge on lower deck. Over-sized berths. Improved altitude conditioning. You fly by big, comfortable Pan American Clippers to Manila. From Manila the double-decked Clippers fly twice a week to Los Angeles and San Francisco... also to Seattle and Portland. You fly the Sunny Southern Route where air travel is smoothest.

For reservations, call your Travel Agent or...

Hong Kong Hotel, Phone 21659, 21660.
Peninsula Hotel, Phone 57585, 57674, 57694.
Hong Kong



GLASS CLEANING



'GLASS WAX'

A Product of Gold Seal
NEW way to clean glass faster, easier, more thoroughly. Protects windows, mirrors with an invisible, dirt-repelling wax coat.

SHAWAN, TOMES & CO., LTD.
Chung Tin Bldg.

FRAZER YOUNG

TRIBUTE SILKS & SATINS
BROCADES, ETC.
CHEFBOO EMBROIDERED LINENS.

RAW SILKS—SPECIAL PRICE

24 Wyndham St.

Tel. 24982.

HERE'S THE WAY TO Enjoy Ending Your Cough!

Campbell's Cherry Cough Syrup, the long-proven formula, ends coughs, pleadsies, taken at bedtime it quickly breaks up the tightness. For coughs, colds and bronchial troubles get

CAMPBELL'S CHERRY COUGH SYRUP
AT ALL CHEMISTS AND DRUG STORES

Art's Ltd
SOLE AGENT FOR
Heal & Son, Ltd.
London

FINEST FURNITURE AND FABRICS

SHOW ROOMS

AT 37-39 HENNESSY ROAD

HOLLYWOOD BEAUTY PARLOUR
The House of
BEAUTY, COMFORT
and STYLE
for
Ladies & Gentlemen.

★
Our well trained personnel
always at your service.
Visit us today for a More
Admirable Appearance.
16, Cameron Road, Kowloon.

D. & P.
READY IN 4 HOURS

YING MING STUDIO
THE PHOTOGRAPHY
室影攝明英新
AIR CONDITIONED
Fine Grade Developing Printing
and Retouching for your film.
QUEEN'S ROAD, C. TEL. 5734.
OPPOSITE QUEEN'S THEATRE

Introducing—
B. & W. ENLARGEMENTS
made from your
COLOR TRANSPARENCIES



JALON PHOTO LABS.
Peiping Road, Causeway Bay

**JUST ARRIVED—
VELVET CUSHIONS**

**SOFA COVERS
TAPESTRIES
CARPET
INDUSTRIES**

63 AUSTIN ROAD
KOWLOON

UNION HOUSE

221-223 Nathan Road, Kowloon
Telephone: 55525

Situated at convenient
and residential centre.
Modern Equipment and
Excellent Service.

Comfortable and pleasant
surroundings.
Please call or phone for
reservations.

The NORWOOD Director
Complete
equipment
ready to go
Best Price
guaranteed.
with the
newest
photographs
and
travel book
CALL ON US
for a DEMONSTRATION
TOFOTO & CO.
Room 208, 1st Floor,
6, Hankow Road, Kowloon.
Tel. 53962.

LOW PRICE!

Calculators, Typewriters
Carbons & Ribbons
The World Typewriter Co.
40, Wellington St., Tel. 5984

RUGS

TIENTSIN
WASHED RUGS

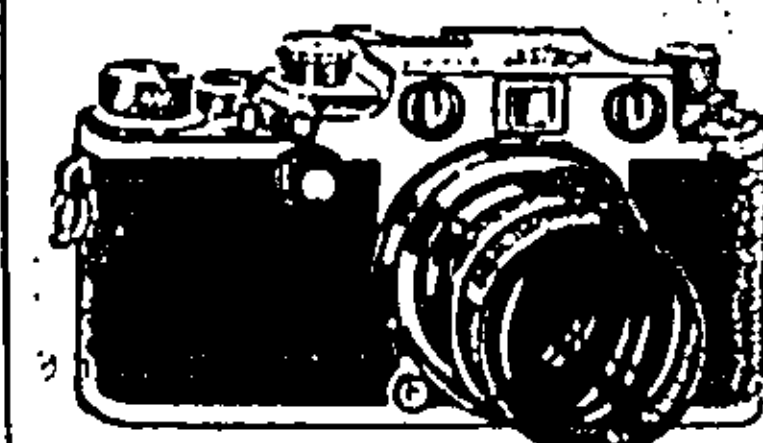
PEKING
ART RUGS

Wholesale & Retail

PHILIP CHU

51, Hankow Road,
Kowloon

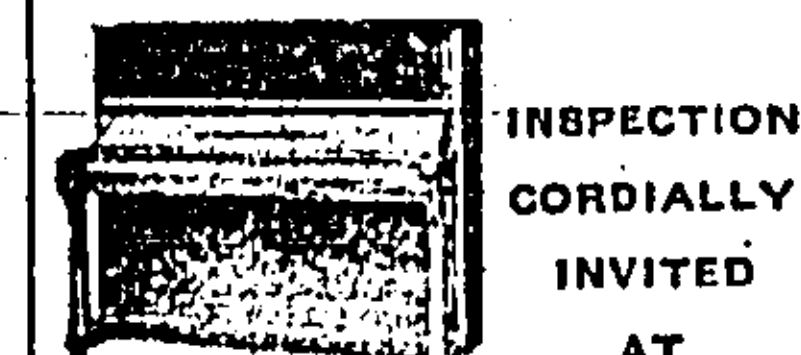
You hear all right, but
do not understand?
Sonotone's scientific
tests will help you to
better understanding.
SONOTONE
Sole Distributors:
Ed. Lamb & Co.
Room 300, 82a Hol Bldg.
12, Queen's Road, C.
Tel. 37051.



**LEICA CAMERAS
AND ACCESSORIES**

with stepped-up postwar
production, are now reaching the
market in increasing quantity.
Meet the Leica now at your
nearest franchised dealer.

New Shipment
Just Arrived
"MINX" Miniature Piano of New
modern design, beautiful tone, fully
Tropicalized. AT MODERATE PRICE.



KING'S MUSIC CO.
5, Chiu Lung Street, H.K.
Telephone: 30439.

RUGS

JUST RECEIVED
LARGE STOCK

OF
TIENTSIN CHEMICAL
WASHED RUGS
AT FACTORY PRICES.
Inspection cordially
invited.

CLEANING & MENDING
GOOD YEAR RUG CO.
Room 208, 1st Floor,
6, Hankow Road, Kowloon.
Tel. 53962.

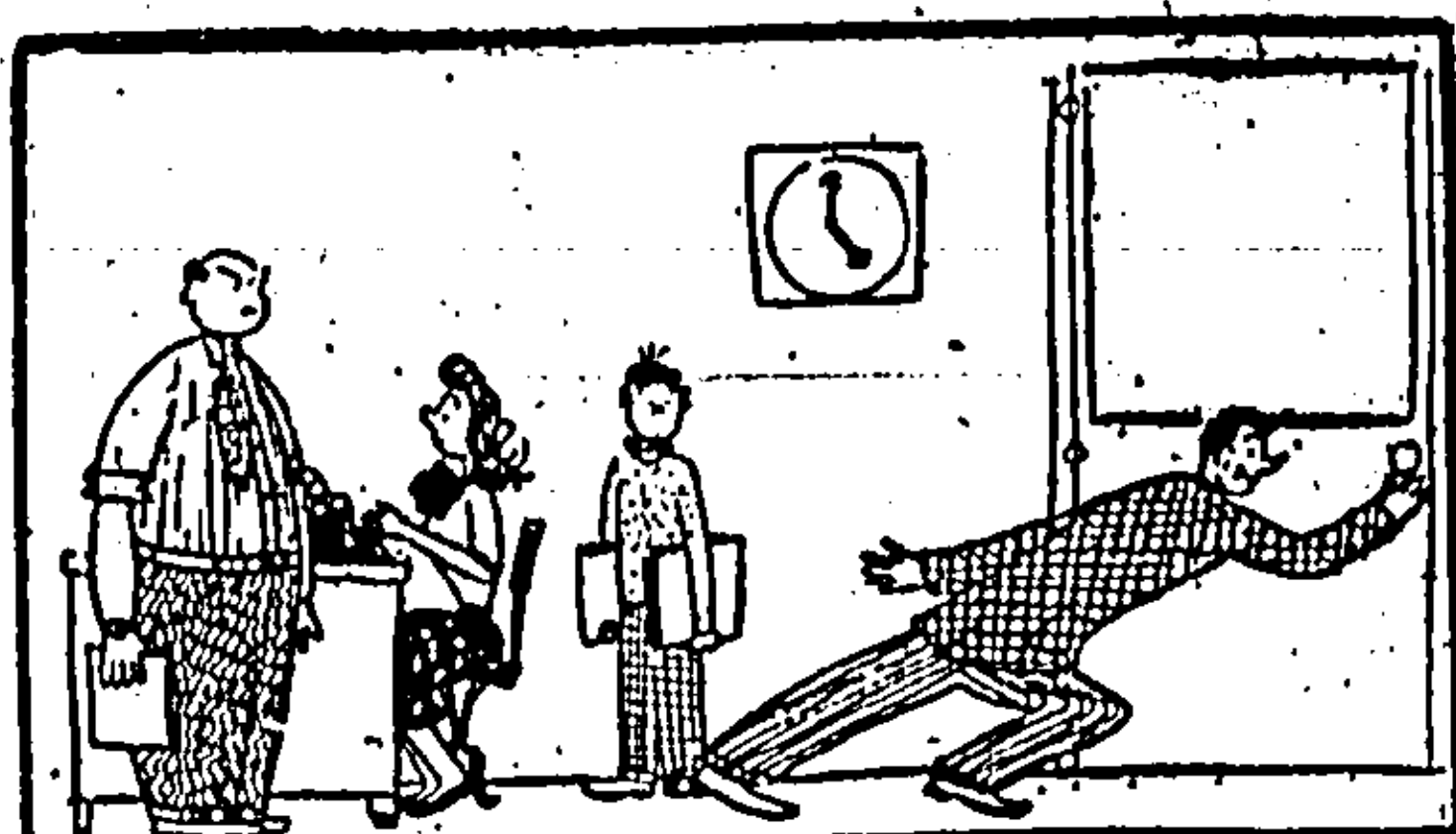
A WHITE & CO.

TEEN AGE TOPICS

The Career book: part 8.

Harder to keep job than to find one

By Betty Betz



Nice eye! You're really in a flat
spin because you landed your first
job and all by yourself too! No
doubt you're pretty well pleased
and with reason to be so! After
all, it's a real rugged deal to walk
into a place cold, with no experi-
ence whatsoever, and come out
with the sure promise of a weekly
pay cheque.

But before too much star dust
gets in your eyes, you must try to
face the facts of working life.
I don't want to be a wet blanket
but just about anybody can get a
job. The real assignment is to

Think it over and you'll realise
that after all it's the best thing
which could happen, because you
obviously can't learn or improve
if you're working at something
for which you're not suited.
Chalk it up to experience, go out
smiling, and something which
suits you better, and be happy
that you didn't waste any more
time at a job that would prob-
ably wind up as a dead end.

Neat and mannerly

You yourself know what's ex-
pected of you in your particular
job. Neatness, good manners and
promptness are basic require-
ments everywhere.

Remember that time is money
to your employer, and he doesn't
like you to have coffee klatches,
powder-room gab, sessions, or
personal phone calls on his time.

When you undertake a job, you
should have a sense of responsi-
bility about finishing each task
no matter how long it takes. And
you won't cramp your style any
if you offer to help anyone else
who may be stuck late with a job.
These little things make you a
valued member of the team, and
no matter how charming you
"woodie," it can't replace sincere
effort.

Don't be borrower

Don't be a borrower, and this
means anything from money to
lipstick. I guess sponsors go in
this class. These are the
persons who always let some-
one else pick up the soda or
luncheon bill. Budget your
salary to take care of lunches
and carfare until each pay day,
otherwise there's not much
sense in working.

Perhaps you think you have a
minor role in the business and it
isn't as important for you to be
on deck as it is for the president
of the company. Nonsense! If
you were needed, you wouldn't
have been hired, and if you're a
"no show" too frequently, the
company itself may decide that
you aren't so important after all,
and fire you!

Even in the smoothest-run
office, things sometimes get bun-
gled up, but try not to let your
temperament rise to a boiling
point. Worse yet, running to your
fellows workers to blab your prob-
lem will just cause more trouble.
Keep calm, button up your
troubles and everything will
work out sooner or later. When
it does, you'll be glad that you
didn't blow your top for that
never gets you any place.

U.S. military chiefs due in Tokyo

Tokyo, January 30.
The American Joint Chiefs
of Staff are due in Tokyo on
Wednesday for their first per-
sonal conferences with their
field commanders who have
been concerned by the spread-
ing flood of Communism in
Asia.

The Chiefs of Staff will be told
that the American military position
in the Far East should be
strengthened.

These points, it is expected,
will be emphasized.
Taiwan is of such strategic im-
portance that some American
troops should be sent to the island
or becoming involved in it
should be made to prevent the
island's capture by the Chinese
Communists.

The old Japanese naval base of
Yokosuka should be built into
America's leading Far Eastern
naval installation.
Three key American naval
bases in Japan should also be
secured by formal agreements, in
any Japanese peace treaty.

Four naval forces in the Far
East should be increased by ad-
ditional aircraft carriers and
battleships.

Please note

Teen age's celebration of St.
Valentine's Day this year will be
featured by a Redifusion pro-
gramme to be broadcast on Sat-
urday closest to February 11.
The idea will be for teen age
studios, their choice of records
dedicated to their own Valentine.
As time for the programme
will be limited, it will be im-
possible to meet all requests. Nine
applicants will be accommodated
in this feature and they will be
selected from the first to send in
their tunes. Those taking part
will be required to say a few
words in dedication to their Valen-
tine. Those wishing to take part
in the programme are invited to
write to Norma Stevens care of
Redifusion.

Miss Stevens, who does all
teen age programmes for Redi-
fusion, wishes to revive the
sessions in which teen age
musicians select their music and
present it over the microphone.
Those wishing to hear their own
favourite records may contact
Norma by post, or phone for more
particulars.

Another idea of Norma Stevens
is to select teen age programmes
to be presented by a list of
popular music (classical or jazz).
The list will be adjusted
by Miss Stevens herself and
successful selections invited to the
studio to present the programme.
Should there be any other ideas
which teen age listeners have to
improve their listening (house)
with their own programmes.

Platter chatter

Redifusion's Hit Parade was
one of the best half hours of music
heard during the week.

The songs chosen have a last-
ing quality with the exception of
Martin's Un-Lovely Bunch of
Coconuts, a novelty ruined by
Brooklynese Cockney.

Pride of place was correctly
given to Doris Day's Dear Heart
and Gentle People.

Come's Dreamers Holiday is a
delightful number and the same is
true of the Andrews Sisters' I
Can Dream Can't I.

Slipping Around is Margaret
Whiting at her best but Winkly
lacks punch in his intoning.

Vic Damone's You're Breaking
My Heart moved up a couple of
notches as a result of a sudden
spurt in sales. Many buyers
were unable to get copies of this
but I understand Wing On has
just received another lot.

After all the publicity given to
Mulo Train, it was a terrific let-
down to hear Tennessee Ernie's
version in the Hit Parade a few
weeks back. Ernie's team of re-
luctant mules was eventually

"shooed" off to make way for
Crosby's team which is doing
better than his horses.

I would like to hear the Frank
Laine cutting which is still the
number one tune in the U.S.A.

Creditable performances on
some old songs:—

Doris Day: Canadian Capers,
Pearl Bailey and the Charlesters:
Who (Stole My Heart Away).
Rosemary Clooney (Tony Esposito's
chirp): Oh, You Beautiful Doll
(backing: Don't Cry Joe). Joe
Venuti: The Hot Canary and
Dance Macabre. Frankie Laine:
Shine and All of Me. Cliff Ed-
wards (Ukelele Ike): Singing in
the Rain and June Night.

For hot fans I nominate Willie
Smith's Tea for Two as the finest
alto saxophone soloing in a long
while. Coupling is Not So Bop
Blues.

The most refreshing instrumen-
tal numbers come from Clyde
McCoys' growl and wah-wah
cornet in Mississippi Mud and
Sugar Blues.

The Wren.

PERSONALITY

Hong Kong is, once again, the
old familiar scene to Richard
Silva as the leisurely takes in the
town daily to acquaint himself
with "home."

Australia is far away for the
present, and the University of
Sydney, the badge of which he
proudly sports on his coat lapel,
is still farther off. This is a
holiday at home for Richard.
Three years away has been a long
time.

Our 18-year-old friend brought
back many an interesting story
from the sunny land down-under.
And most of all, the Aussie
brogue. When his old Hong
Kong school-chums first kidded
him about, he replied in a sur-
prised manner: "Why, I don't
notice that!"

Richard left Hong Kong at the
end of 1946, and with his brother
Lionel, enrolled in St. Ignatius
College, (Riverview) the institute
of Australian learning perched on
the hill overlooking the Lane Cove
River.

He spent two years in Riv-
erview, as the College is commonly
known, and after having matri-
culated in 1948, with honours in
English and Chemistry, entered
the University of Sydney for a
course in Industrial Chemistry.

A few days ago, Richard received
a cable from his class-mate that
he had passed his first year
exams, with credits in Physics,
Chemistry and Botany. His In-
dustrial Chemistry course will
take another two years, Richard
told the "Topics."

Richard's sport talent was fur-
ther developed in Australia, first
in St. Ignatius where he took to
rugger and soon earned his college
colours when he was taken into
the school's XV.

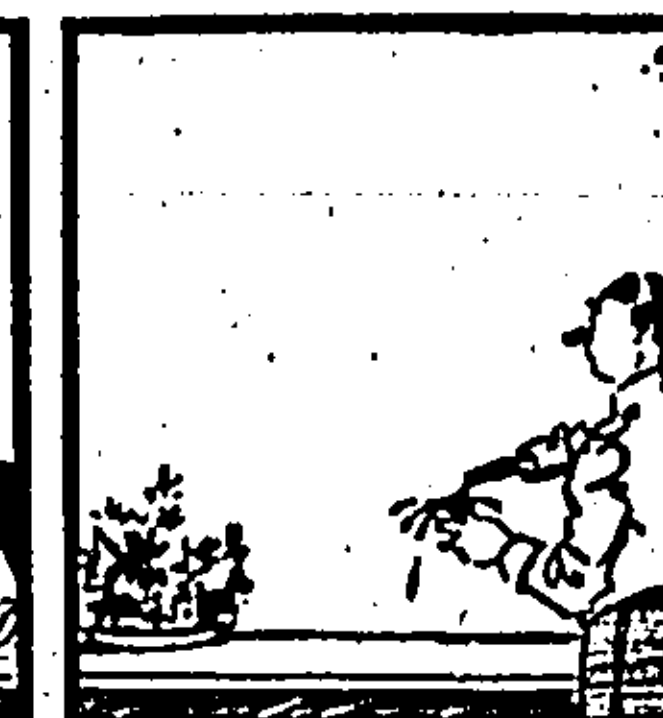
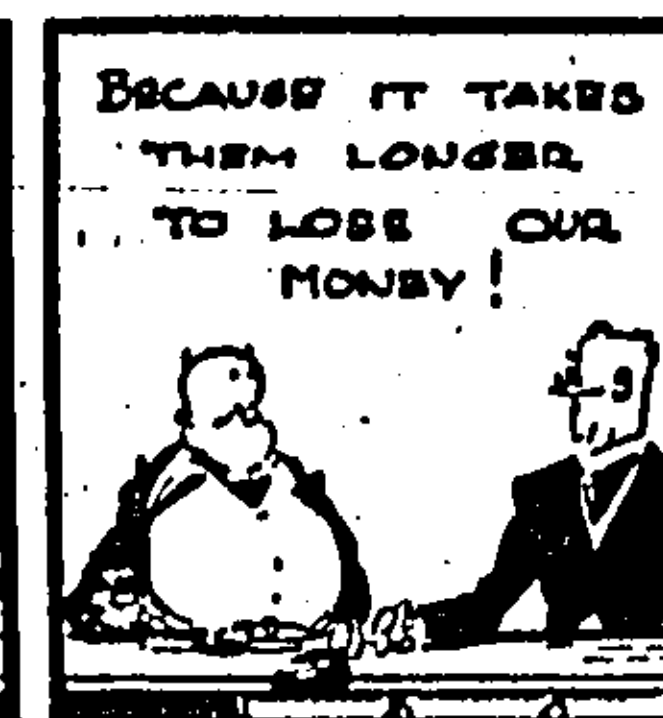
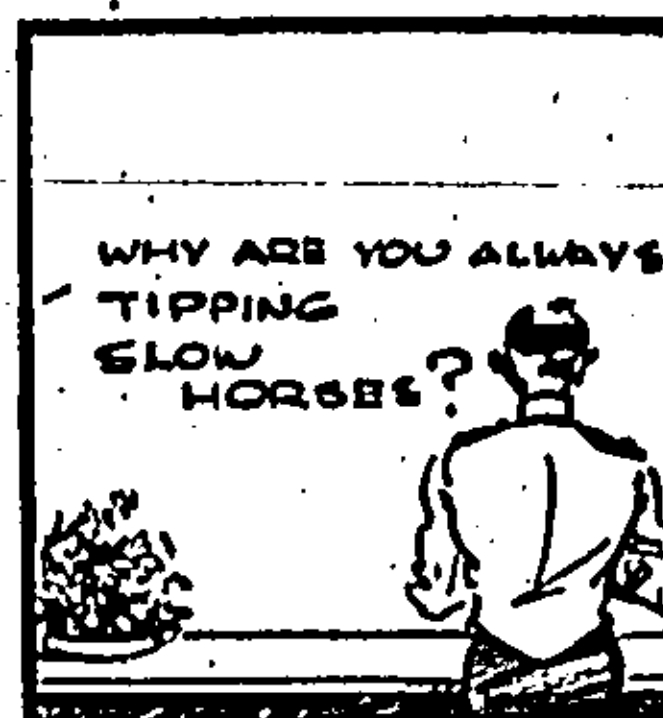
Rugger still remains a major
game for Richard who now plays
for St. John's Hall in the "Austra-
lian" inter-collegiate tussles. Row-
ing is another sport that Richard
has given much time. He rows
for St. John's as well. In athlet-
ics, Richard was placed several
times in the 100 and 400 metres
while at St. Ignatius. He repre-
sented Riverview in inter-school
track meets and now turns up for
his hostel in the University. In
sports, Richard has earned his
college colours for rugger, rowing
and athletics. He is now turning
to tennis, which he is also very
keen about.

Richard in Hong Kong observes
that it is indeed good to be back
where everything, so to speak, is
"just round the corner." In Aus-
tralia, Richard said, one spends
much time in travelling about to
get to do something. "But there
of course, we have very much
more to do and see," he added.

Richard's older brother Lionel
was with him one year in St.
Ignatius. After graduation how-
ever, he chose to go to the
United States where he is taking
medical studies in Loyola Univer-
sity, Los Angeles.

Both the Silva boys were
schooled first in Maryknoll's then
La Salle and during the war, in
St. Laurence College, Macao.
Richard, at present in his summer
vacation (Australian climate is the
opposite of ours) will be return-
ing to Sydney some time in late
February. Meanwhile, Richard
says he is going to have "one
sporting time." The results of
his exams, cable to him, blow
away the worry indeed!

POP



MANDRAKE THE MAGICAN

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



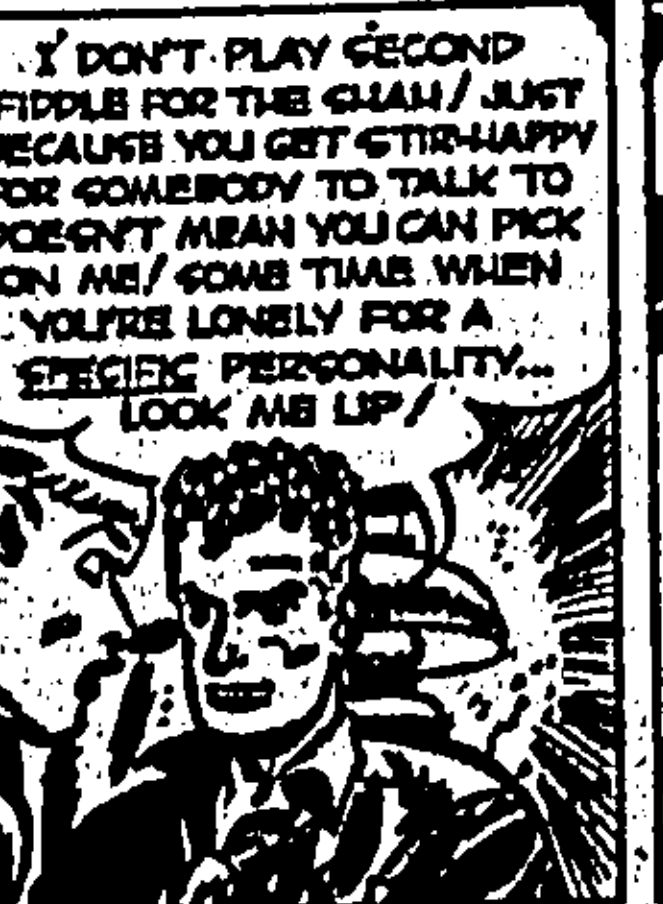
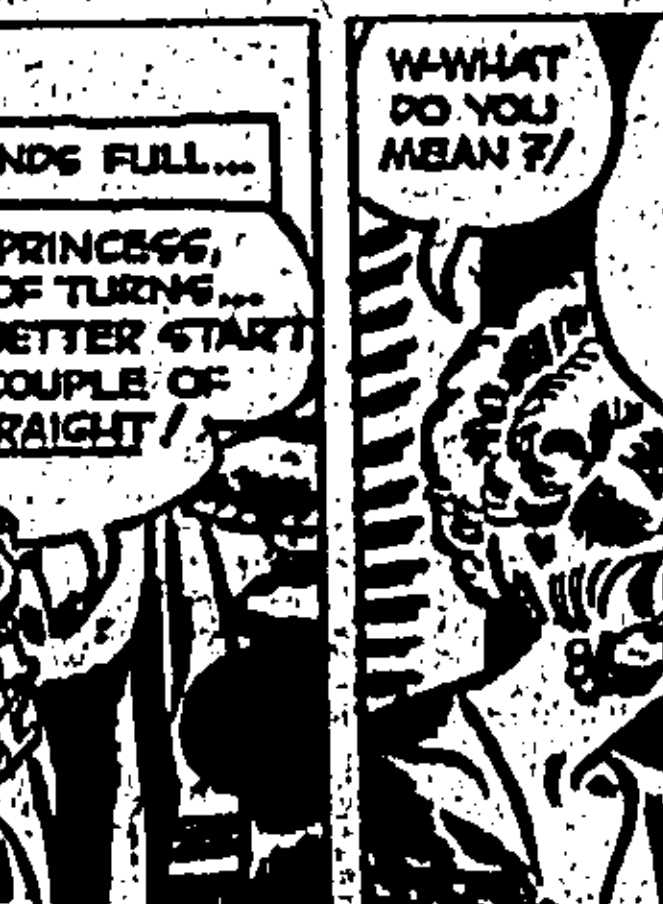
RIP KIRBY

By ALEX RAYMOND



JOHNNY HAZARD

By FRANK ROBBINS



JANE



BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO			
"FOYANG"	Tsingtao	5 p.m. 1st Feb.	
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 1st Feb.	
"SZECHUEN"	Keelung, Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	5 p.m. 2nd Feb.	
"HUNAN"	Tientsin	5 p.m. 3rd Feb.	
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 8th Feb.	
"FAKHIOI"	Bangkok	5 p.m. 8th Feb.	
"YUNNAN"	Singapore, Macassar, Sourabaya, Samarang & Jacarta	5 p.m. 8th Feb.	
"FOOCHOW"	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	5 p.m. 14th Feb.	

Sails from Custodian Wharf.

ARRIVALS FROM

"HANYANG"	Tientsin	5th Feb.
"YUNNAN"	Kobe & Keelung	5th Feb.
"FAKHIOI"	Kobe	5th/6th Feb.
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	p.m. 8th Feb.
"PRODUCE"	Bangkok	8th Feb.

RIVER SERVICE

"WUSUKH"	Hongkong/Macao	7 a.m. Tues. Wed. & Sun.
	Dept. Hongkong	7 a.m. Tues. Wed. & Sun.
	2 p.m. daily except Wed. & Sun.	5 p.m. Sunday

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said.			
"FYRIHUS"	Casablanca & Liverpool	7th Feb.	
"AGAPENOR"	Genoa, Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	23rd Feb.	
"PELEUS"	North Africa & Liverpool	7th Mar.	
ARRIVALS FROM			
"FROMETHEUS"	U.K. via Straits	4th Feb.	
"TELEUS"	U.K. via Straits	11th Feb.	
"AENEAS"	U.K. via Straits & Manila	13th Feb.	

NEW YORK SERVICE

"AJAX"	Arr. from USA via Manila	3rd Feb.
--------	--------------------------	----------

Carriers option to proceed via other Ports to load & discharge cargo.

AUSTRALIAN ORIENTAL LINE LTD./CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD. JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS TO			
"SINKIANG"	Kure, Yokkaichi, Mabus Island & Sydney	7th Feb.	
"CHANGTE"	Sydney & Melbourne	11th Feb.	
"TAIYUAN"	Japan	24th Feb.	
ARRIVALS FROM			
"SINKIANG"	Australia	5.30 p.m. 2nd Feb.	
"CHANGTE"	Japan	7th Feb.	
"TAIYUAN"	Australia & Manila	20th Feb.	

All the above subject to alteration without notice. For Passage and Freight particulars please apply to:

1 CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL
Tel. 30331/8 Private Exchange.
BRANCH OFFICES: 50 Connaught Rd. West 25875 32144 24878
Chater Rd. Cable and Wireless Bldg. 27150.

HOLLAND—EAST ASIA LINE

M.S. "LANGLESCOT"

LOADING 12th FEBRUARY

for
MANILA, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, ALEXANDRIA, GENOA, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, AMSTERDAM, HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN, GOTHENBURG and OSLO

Agents:

ROYAL INTEROCEAN LINES

King's Building, Connaught Road.
Tels. 28015, 28016, 28017.

STATES MARINE LINES

FAR EAST SERVICE

FROM U.S.A. PORTS

S.S. "T. J. LUCKENBACH"

Due 14th February

GOURRIE & CO. (H.K.) LTD.

CHASE BANK REPORT

In his annual report to the shareholders of The Chase National Bank, Mr. Winthrop W. Aldrich, Chairman of the Board of Directors, reveals that the total funds of Chase were again increased during the year 1949. At the end of the year Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits stood at \$218,222,772, including a book value of \$18.87 per share for the 7,400,800 shares of the bank's capital stock. Net earnings and profits in 1949 were \$18,104,000, or \$2.43 per share, about 11 per cent above the previous year. Dividends were again paid at the rate of \$1.50 per share. During the period 1948-49 inclusive, the bank has paid 40 per cent of net earnings and profits in cash dividends, the balance being retained for building up capital funds. The bank's Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits of \$218,222,772 reflect an increase of \$21,040,000 over capital funds at the end of the year 1948. The Chase National Bank is thus one of the largest sources of credit available to American industry and for domestic and international trade. Total resources as of December 31, 1949 stood at \$218,772,689.82.

The report points out that the net earnings and profits after taxes and reserves represented a return of 6.5 per cent on average capital funds. This exceedingly modest rate of return, as compared with that of industrial corporations, reflects the impact on the banking business of Government policy in maintaining interest rates at extremely low levels. Currency devaluation by many countries during 1949, together with tightening of import restrictions to conserve dwindling dollar balances, both complicated and lessened operations of the foreign Department of the bank, which reports one of the most active years in its history. The stimulation of trade resulting from devaluation increased the demand for immediate letters of credit facilities, while substantial exports under the foreign aid programme of the United States Government increased the bank's activity in financing its outward flow of funds. The Chase was the leading American bank in financing under the Economic Cooperation Administration's programme, accounting for about one-sixth of the total amount of credit. The bank also continued in 1949 to have substantial participations in various credits arranged by the Export-Import Bank of Washington in the interests of American foreign trade. Among the important changes in the top level management of the bank were the election of Mr. Percy J. Abbott as President, to succeed Mr. Arthur W. McClellan who was appointed Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors, and the resignation of Mr. Eugene R. Black, Senior Vice-President, to become President of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

Rediffusion

7.00—Up With The Sun.	7.15—Setting Up Exercises.
7.30—Morning News.	7.45—Cinema Time.
8.00—News & Weather Forecast.	8.15—Random Rhythms.
8.45—Programme for Women.	9.00—Morning Music.
9.30—Consolidated Keyboard.	10.00—Music For All.
11.00—Airsline Melodies.	11.40—Parade of Rhythms.
P.M.	
12.00—J.K. Stock Exchange.	12.15—Tune Time.
12.30—"Variety Bandbox."	1.00—Hawaiian Music.
1.15—News.	1.30—"London Studio Concert."
2.00—Afternoon Musicale.	4.00—Bum, Bump and Biss. Wildcats.
4.15—Cinema Concert.	4.30—Vocally Yours.
5.00—Music Makers.	5.15—Children's Corner.
5.30—Harmony Hit Parade.	5.45—Radio Headlines.
6.00—The Hot Club.	6.30—The Jumpin' Jacks.
6.45—Do You Remember?	7.00—H.K. News.
7.10—Local News.	7.15—Candlelight and Silver.
8.00—Romantic Ores.	8.15—The Sweetest Serenaders.
8.30—Afternoon Symphonies.	9.00—H.K. News.
9.10—Local News.	9.15—"These You Have Loved."
9.30—"Music & Comedy Theatre."	10.00—Down Harmony Lane.
10.15—"Ring up the Curtain."	11.15—"Listen to the Band."
11.45—Bardolat.	12.00—Close Down.

AMERICAN PIONEER LINE

to and from
Atlantic Coast Ports of
the United States
and Far Eastern Ports
NEW FAST CARGO SHIPS

ARRIVALS FROM ATLANTIC			
"PIONEER DALE"	Feb. 6		
"AMERICAN REPORTER"	Feb. 27		
"PIONEER LAKE"	Mar. 12		
SAILING TO MANILA			
"PIONEER DALE"	Feb. 7		
"AMERICAN REPORTER"	Feb. 28		
"PIONEER LAKE"	Mar. 13		
SAILINGS TO NEW YORK, BOSTON, BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA via JAPAN & PANAMA CANAL			
"PIONEER DALE"	Arr. Feb. 6	Sails Feb. 8	
"PIONEER DALE"	Feb. 20	Feb. 22	
"AMERICAN REPORTER"	Mar. 25	Mar. 27	

UNITED STATES LINES COMPANY

Agents: 50 Connaught Rd. West 25875 32144 24878
Chater Rd. Cable and Wireless Bldg. 27150.



After a night in their tent outside the Allied High Commission Headquarters at the foot of the Petersberg mountain near Bonn, Germany, two German "World Citizens" emerge to tend their car and gather wood for their fire to brew morning coffee. The two say they will be leaving the Commission HQ until they hear that the leader of the world citizen organization, U.S. Air Force Garry Davis, has received a permit to enter Germany—Associated Press Photo.

Japan prepared to adjust tax measures

New York, January 30.

Japan is prepared to adjust her taxes and take other measures to benefit foreign investors, a Japanese Government spokesman said in a statement today.

These assurances were given a group of New York businessmen by Takeshi Watanabe, Financial Commissioner of Japan's Ministry of Finance. He met privately last Friday with the Japan Committee of the National Foreign Trade Council.

Watanabe, the Council reported in a special bulletin to its members today, said Japan wants America to invest in her, not subsidize her.

The Japanese said the Commission, "do not believe that American aid can be continued for a prolonged period. It is not

only impossible to expect you to do so, we also would like to help ourselves as far as we can. We hope the day will come soon when we can stand on our own feet. "If and when we have a stabilized economy and sound finance," he continued, "we believe there is a good chance for you to invest in Japan instead of subsidizing Japan. We are prepared to adjust our taxes for the benefit of foreign investors who will contribute to the economy of Japan."

"We are considering some measures to secure the remittance of late profits accrued to foreign investment," Mr. Watanabe did not specify what measures were being considered.

The Japanese financial official reminded the New York group that in pre-war years "Japan never failed to pay our foreign liabilities." He added that when he talked with Prime Minister Shigeru Yoshida just before he left Japan recently, he found that he has a very earnest desire to resume payment of interest on Japanese foreign bonds.

"As soon as the way will be cleared, we are ready to fulfill our obligations. We would like to re-establish our credit abroad," Associated Press.

RADIO

Radio Hong Kong broadcasts on a frequency of 846 kilocycles per second and on 9.52 megacycles per second in the 31 metre band.

11.45—Morning Prayers. (Studio)	
12.30—"Hong Kong Calling"—Programme Summary.	
12.32—Light Piano Parade with Mary Lou Williams & Art Tatum.	
1.15—News, Weather Report and Announcements.	
1.25—Interval.	
1.32—"Time For Music"—BBC Midland Light Orchestra. (NBCS)	
2.00—Close Down.	
6.00—"Hong Kong Calling"—Programme Summary.	
6.02—London Studio Melodies—London Light Concert Orchestra.	
6.30—The Ink Spot.	
6.40—Hil Lorenson at the Piano. (Studio)	
7.00—World News and News Analysis. (London Relay)	
7.15—Much Binding in the Marsh—With Richard Murdoch and Kenneth Horne. (NBCS)	
7.45—"Generally Speaking"—From London to Glasgow with Jack Scott. No. 2: Tripoli to Wadi Haila. (London Relay)	
8.00—"From the Editorials." (London Relay)	
8.10—"Record Round-About"—Variety Request Programme Presented by Sue Dawson. (Studio)	
9.10—"Forces Midweek Magazine"—Production by Jack Williams. (Studio)	
10.00—Radio News Reel. (London Relay)	
10.15—Weather Report.	
10.16—"French Cabaret."	
10.16—"Recital by Alfrede Campoli (Violin) with Piano Accompaniment by Eric Giffon.	
11.00—Russ Morgan and His Orchestra.	
11.15—"Weekend Report"—World News and Home News from Britain. (London Relay Recorded)	
11.20—"God Save the King"	
11.30—Close Down.	

THE HO HONG STEAMSHIP CO. (1932) LTD.

S.S. "KAMPAR"

For SINGAPORE & PENANG.

Loading		Sailing	
2nd February		3rd February	

Subject To Alteration Without Notice.
For Particulars On Freight & Passage Apply:
THE HO HONG CO. (CHINA) LTD.
45A, Bonham Strand W. Tels. 28446 & 20127.

SWEDISH EAST ASIA CO. LTD.

m. v. "SUMATRA"

(Maiden Voyage)

LOADING 10th FEBRUARY

For
ADEN, PORT SAID, GENOA, MARSEILLES, TANGIER, CASABLANCA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, BREMEN, HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN, OSLO & GOTHENBURG

GILMAN & CO., LTD.

P&O B.I. L.A. COMPANIES

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S.N. CO.

PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE

OUTWARDS	LEAVES LONDON	ARR. HONGKONG
a.s. "CORFU"	18th February	18th February
a.s. "CANTON"	5th February	10th March
a.s. "CARTHAGE"	9th March	10th April

Via Southampton, Port Said, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang & Singapore.

HOMEWARDS	LEAVES HONGKONG	ARR. LONDON
a.s. "CORFU"	11th February	10th March
a.s. "CANTON"	11th March	10th April
a.s. "CARTHAGE"	14th April	10th May
a.s. "CORFU"	18th May	10th June
a.s. "CANTON"	9th June	10th July
a.s. "CARTHAGE"	7th July	8th August

Accepting Cargo for Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Port Said, Genoa, Marseilles, London, Hamburg, Antwerp & Rotterdam. With liberty to call at Bombay if inducement offers.

TANKS AVAILABLE FOR CARRIAGE OF OIL IN BULK. SPACE FOR REFRIGERATED CARGO. LIMITED PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION.

BRITISH INDIA S.N. CO., LTD.

a.s. "BANGOLA"	due 9th Feb.	from Japan
a.s. "BIRDHANA"	due 11th Feb.	from Calcutta & Rangoon via Straits
a.s. "BIRDHANA"	due 19th Feb.	from Calcutta via Rangoon & Straits
a.s. "BIRDHANA"	due 21st Feb.	from Japan

* These ships have Refrigerated Cargo space.

P. & O. B.I. JOINT SERVICE

M.S. "PUNDUA"	In port	from Persian Gulf via Bombay & Straits.
	sails 3rd Feb.	for Japan.
M.S. "PUNEZ"	In port	from Japan.
	sails 4th Feb.	for Straits, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi & Persian Gulf.
M.S. "TOWERGRACE"	due 21st Feb.	from Persian Gulf via Bombay & Straits.
M.S. "EYROS"	due early Mar.	from Persian Gulf via Bombay & Straits.

* Accepts cargo on through Bills of Lading for Persian Gulf Ports.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.

a.s. "NANKIN"	In port	from Australian Ports via Rangoon & Port Moresby.
a.s. "NANKIN"	11th Feb.	from Australian Ports via Rangoon & Port Moresby.

* Accepts cargo for New Zealand & Pacific Island ports on through bills of lading.

All vessels have liberty to call at any ports on or off the route, and the routes and sailings are subject to change or amendment with or without notice.

For full particulars apply to:
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
Telephone Nos. 27721-4.

ISTHMIAN LINE

(Isthmian Steamship Company, New York)

* Direct Sailing to New York via Panama

"MEREDITH VICTORY"

LOADING 2nd FEBRUARY
SAILING 3rd FEBRUARY
for
Los Angeles & New York
GILMAN & CO., LTD.
Tel. 31146

Chinese Freight Agents: HIN FAT & CO., LTD.
Tels. 28823, 25553 & 24483.

SWEDISH EAST ASIA CO. LTD.

ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE

m.v. "BOHEME"	6th Feb.
m.v. "NAGARA"	7th Mar.
m.v. "HEMELAND"	21st Mar.
m.v. "TONGHAI"	24th Apr.

SAILINGS TO EUROPE

m.v. "SUMATRA"	10th Feb.
m.v. "BOHEME"	24th Feb.
m.v. "NAGARA"	2nd Mar.

For
ADEN, PORT SAID, GENOA, MARSEILLES, TANGIER, CASABLANCA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, BREMEN, HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN, OSLO & GOTHENBURG

GILMAN & CO., LTD.

ROYAL INTEROCEAN LINES

SINGAPORE, JAVA PORTS and MACASSAR

SHIP	ARRIVALS	SAILINGS
"TITJALENGKA"	In Port 7th Feb.	7th Feb.
"VAN HEUTS"	1st Feb.	3rd Feb.
"TJIBADAK"	16th Feb.	21st Feb.
"TJIBADANE"		

* Only to Singapore, Penang, Belawan-Deli.

MANILA, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA & SOUTH AMERICA

SHIP	ARRIVALS	SAILINGS
"RUYS"	21st Feb.	23rd Feb.
"STRAAT MALAKKA"	17th Mar.	3rd Apr.
"BOISSEVAIN"		

JAPAN

SHIP	ARRIVALS	SAILINGS
"TJIBADANE"	2nd Feb.	8th Feb.
"STRAAT MALAKKA"	22nd Feb.	23rd Feb.
"BOISSEVAIN"	1st Apr.	19th Mar.

Agents: HOLLAND—EAST ASIA LINE

EUROPE via MANILA and MALAYA

SHIP	ARRIVALS	SAILINGS
"LANGLESCOT"	In Port 12th Feb.	late Feb.
"HEEMSKERK"		

Through B/L issued to Mediterranean and Northern European ports.

JAPAN

SHIP	ARRIVALS	SAILINGS
"LANGLESCOT"	12th Feb.	11th Feb.
"HEEMSKERK"	21st Feb.	

KINGS BUILDING TELEPHONE 3905 TO 3907

CHINESE AGENTS: CONNAGHT BUILDING TELEPHONE 3908

OCEAN AGENCIES, LTD.

FAR EAST SERVICE

S.S. "LAKE SHAWNIGAN"

LOADING for MANILA and CEBU

On or about 4th February

Agents:

THE HONG KONG EASTERN SHIPPING CO., LTD.

Room 28, French Bank Building, 2nd Floor,
Telephones: 32369 & 38001

U. S. ORIENT MERCHANT LINE.

ARRIVALS

SHIP	FROM	DATE
"CLEO"	N.Y. & GULF PORTS.	Abt. 4th Feb.
"DINGWALL"	NEW YORK.	15th Feb.
"ANDREAS"	GALVESTON.	23rd Feb.
"AGATHI"	EAST COAST/U.S.A.	1st Mar.

W. R. LOXLEY & CO., (CHINA) LTD.

AGENTS.

York Building

Tel. 34165

DE LA RAMA LINES

ARRIVING FROM U.S. ATLANTIC COAST
VIA LOS ANGELES & SAN FRANCISCO

M.V. "HALLAND" 2nd Feb.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

Agents

1, Connaught Road, C.

Tel. 39321

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

FRANCE, GERMANY SIGN BIG TRADE AGREEMENT

Paris, January 30.

France and Germany today signed a trade pact calling for the exchange of about £107,000,000 worth of goods in the next six months. Today's signing ended two months of negotiations.

Hong Kong Stock Exchange

A shade more actively yesterday but this was mainly amongst the heavy investments.

H.K. GOVT. LOANS

4% Loan 15/10/50 100n.
3 1/2% Loan (1951 & 1950) 100n.
3 1/2% Loan (1948) 100n.

BANKS

H.K. & S. Bank 1480, 1480/1500n.
Chartered Bank 210 1/2, 210 1/2n.
Mercantile Bank A. & B. 225n.
Bank of East Asia 112n.

INSURANCES

Canton Ins. 305n.
Union Ins. 420n, 420/425n.
China Underwriters 5n.
H.K. Fire Ins. 215n.

SHIPPING

Douglas 200n.
H.K. & M. Steamboat 11n.
India China (Pref.) 9 1/2n.
(Def.) 200n.
Shells (Steam) 62 1/2n.
Union Waterboat 27n.

Aala Nav. 11n.
DOCKS, WHARVES, GODOWNS, Etc.
H.K. & S. Wharves 11n.
North Point Wharves 4 1/2n.
Shanghai Hongkong Wharves 16n.
H.K. Docks 15n.

China Provident 115, 115 1/2, 115n.
Shanghai Dockyards 8, 8n.
Wharves 25 1/2n.

MINING

Raub Mines 5 1/2n.
H.K. Mines 0 1/2n.
LAND, HOTEL & BLDGS.
H. & S. Hotels 11, 11, 11n.
Shanghai Lands 210n.

PUBLIC UTILITIES

H.K. Tramways 11 1/2, 11, 11n.
Peak Tram 18n.
(New) 9 1/2n.

Star Ferries

C. Light (Old) 11b, 11, 11, 11n.
C. Light (New) 40n.
H.K. Electric 10, 2, 2, 2n.
Macao Electric 2n.
Sundakan Lights 1 1/2n.
Telephone 18 1/2n.
Shanghai Gas 1 1/2n.

INDUSTRIALS

Cald. Macr. (Ord.) 2 1/2n.
Canton Iron 8 1/2n.
Cement 2 1/2n.
H.K. Rubber 1 1/2n.

STORES, Etc.

Dairy Farms 40n.
Watsons 47 1/2, 47 1/2n.
J. L. Crawford 18 1/2n.
Sincere 2, 2n.
China Emporium 10b.
Sun Co., Ltd. 2, 2n.
Kwong Sang Hong 105n.
Wing On (H.K.) 5n.
Wm. Powell, Ltd. 9 1/2n.

MISCELLANEOUS

China Enterprises 10 1/2n.
H.K. Construction (Ord.) 2, 2n.
Shanghai 1 1/2n.
Vibro Tjings 16n.
Marman Investments 9 1/2n.
Marman (H.K.) 18n.
Shanghai Iron 1, 1n.
Yankee 4 1/2n.

COTTON

Kwong 6n.
RUBBER, etc. COMPANIES
Alma Estate 15n.
Anglo-Dutch 10n.
Anglo-Javas 1n.
Batu Anson 20n.
Bute Plantations 40n.
Chemor United 20n.
Chong Rubbers 10n.
Consolidated Rubbers 1n.
Dominion Rubbers 1n.
Lancaster 1n.
Repah Rubbers 15n.
Rubber Trusts 2n.
Samakara Rubbers 40b.
Siam Rubber 15n.
Shanghai Keddy 1 1/2n.
Shanghai 1 1/2n.
Shanghai Pabang 1n.
Shanghai Sunatras 1n.
Sungai 1 1/2n.
Tanjah 20n.
Tebong Rubbers 20n.
Zhanghe Rubbers 1n.

Money Market

US dollars opened and closed yesterday at HK\$38.38, with an interval at HK\$38.37 1/2.

TT was put through from HK\$6.42 to \$6.43.

Sterling was unchanged at HK\$18.35.

Australian pounds opened at HK\$12.95 and closed at \$13.

Plastres remained nominal at HK\$12.05 a 100.

Ticals were unchanged at HK\$28.50 a 100.

NEI Guilders dropped to HK\$22.70 a 100 after opening at \$23.

No more loan from U.S., Briton says

London, January 30.

A Treasury spokesman today refused to comment on an American press report that Britain is to seek another American loan before the end of this year.

In other Government quarters it was denied that Britain is either asking or taking steps to ask for a new loan.

Commenting informally, financial and fiscal experts believe this is just another rumour which should be disregarded.

It was thought in these quarters that since the American press report seems to refer more to the matter of liquidating Britain's wartime sterling balances than to a new loan for Britain herself, the matter could be nothing more than speculation at the present time.

It would be impossible for Britain even to consider making help on this question until the Committee had reported its findings to London, Washington and Ottawa.—Reuter.

Slump in beer drinking in UK

London, January 30.

A slump in beer drinking has cost the British Treasury £20,000,000. Beer sales in the first 11 months of 1949 totalled 23,924,640 barrels.

This was 1,500,000 barrels less than the same period of 1948, and December figures are expected to raise this loss to 2,000,000 barrels.

The Treasury tax on beer is £10 per barrel—indicating a £20,000,000 loss in tax revenue for the year. London's Innkeepers blame taxes for the slump in consumption.—Associated Press.

Huge increase

The huge increase in Franco-German trade provided in the new trade pact resulted at least partly from drastic simplification of the customs barriers between the two countries, a Foreign Office statement said.

The statement said the real extent of Franco-German trade which will result from the agreement are unknown because the freeing of 60 per cent of the goods from controls will eliminate additional trading.

Baron Vollrath von Maltzahn, the chief German economist who negotiated the treaty, said the signing today was only a preliminary.

He explained that a formal ceremonial signing would take place in Bonn in about a week after the German High Commission approves the agreement.

Von Maltzahn described the agreement as decisive progress towards the Marshall Plan goal of trade liberalisation in Europe and said West Germany hoped soon to sign agreements with Britain and Italy.

He said the trade pact is the implementation of the Bonn Government's decision to create good relations with France, Germany's biggest customer.—Associated Press.

U.S. labour law hampers Japanese

Knoxville, Tennessee, January 30.

Dr. Idzuturo Suehiro, head of the Japanese Central Labour Board, said here yesterday that Japan's infant labour movement is being cramped by the Taft Hartley Law.

Dr. Suehiro, one of four Japanese officials studying United States management labour relations at the invitation of the Labour Department, said legislation in Japan modelled after the United States law is too strong for Japanese unions.

He said the Nipponese law is being written indirectly by the United States Congress and does not always fit conditions in that country because Americans do not understand Japanese psychology.

The Japanese labour official said Japan's version of the Taft Hartley law, which appeared shortly after its passage by Congress in 1947, was not designed for a weak labour movement in its infancy. Japan's unions had to reorganise to fit the law.

Recommendation

Dr. Suehiro said the American military government in Japan recommends to the Diet legislation modelled after the newest legislation in the United States. The Diet feels compelled under the circumstances, he said, to follow the American advice.

He said: "I wish we might go back to the days of the Wagner Act." He added that Japan needs less government interference with unions in order they might learn to stand on their own feet.

Dr. Suehiro and party visited Tennessee Valley Authority installations here and talked with TVA men about labour relations as part of their two-month tour of the United States.

Dr. Suehiro, aged 61, expressed interest in the mediation of disputes in America, particularly the system of voluntary mediation used by some American industries and unions.

The Japanese party left last night to make further studies of labour-management practices in such cities as New York, Chicago and Detroit.—United Press.

SHIP MOVEMENTS

The ss. Flying Independent is due from New York via Manila at Lyman Pass today and after clearing Quarantine and Immigration, will berth at Kowloon Wharf.

She will be despatched for New York via ports and Panama on or about February 4 or as soon as possible thereafter upon completion of cargo work.

The ss. Norlanda is due from Karachi via Singapore at Lyman Pass today and after clearing Quarantine and Immigration, will berth at Buoy A7.

She will be despatched for Dairen and Yokohama on or about February 4 or as soon as possible thereafter upon completion of cargo work.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

s.s. "NORLANDA"

Consignees are hereby notified that captioned vessel is due in this port February 1, 1950.

All cargo will be delivered overside to lighters at Buoy A-7. Where consignees do not provide their own lighters, the carrier reserves the right to discharge into lighters provided by the Agent, all expenses, demurrage, etc., to be account cargo.

Optional cargo will not be discharged here unless notice has been given prior to the vessel's arrival.

A. P. PATTISON & CO., Agents,
ISBRANDTSEN.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

s.s. "VINGNES"

Having arrived Hong Kong consignees of cargo are hereby notified that all goods have been landed and placed at their risk and expense into the godowns of the North Point Wharves Ltd. where delivery may be obtained as soon as the goods are landed.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the godowns or failure to attend the survey.

All broken, chafed and damaged goods are to be left in the godown where they will be examined in the presence of Messrs. Goddard and Douglas on February 2, 1950, at 10 a.m.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations, consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when examining damaged diable goods. All claims against the vessel must be presented to the Underwriter within fourteen days of the ship's arrival, or they will not be recognised.

No fire insurance will be affected.

WALLEN & CO., Agents.

Hong Kong, January 31, 1950.



AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES

The Global Fleet

TO HONOLULU & SAN FRANCISCO via JAPAN

"General Gordon"	Arr. Feb. 3	Sails Feb. 4
"President Cleveland"	Arr. Feb. 25	Sails Feb. 28
"President Wilson"	Arr. Mar. 16	Sails Mar. 17

TO SAN FRANCISCO & LOS ANGELES via JAPAN

"President McKinley"	Arr. Feb. 14	Sails Feb. 15
"President Taft"	Arr. Feb. 28	Sails Mar. 2

TO NEW YORK, BALTIMORE & BOSTON via PACIFIC COAST & PANAMA

"President Grant"	Arr. Feb. 9	Sails Feb. 10
"Marine Snapper"	Arr. Mar. 19	Sails Mar. 20

ROUND THE WORLD

VIA MANILA, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, KARACHI, SUZ, PORT SAID, ALEXANDRIA, NAPLES, MARSEILLES, GENOA, NEW YORK and BOSTON

"Williamette Victory"	Arr. Feb. 4	Sails Feb. 6
"President Folk"	Arr. Feb. 20	Sails Feb. 22

TO JAVA & STRAITS

"Marine Snapper"	Arr. Feb. 10	Sails Feb. 11
------------------	--------------	---------------

Tel: 28172/3



ARRIVALS

SHIP	FROM	DUE
"BENMACDHUI"	U.K. via Singapore.	In Port
"BENALDER"		on or abt. 10th Feb.
"BENMHOR"		" 25th Feb.
"BENAVON"		" 26th Feb.
"BENALBANACH"		" 26th Feb.
"BENVENUE"		" 12th Mar.
"BENVANNOCH"		" 20th Mar.
"BENLAVERS"		" 27th Mar.
"BENLEDI"		" 7th Apr.
"BENNATOW"		" 12th Apr.

SAILINGS

SHIP	TO	LOADING ON OR ABT.
"BENALDER"	London, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg & Hull.	16th Feb.
"BENNATOW"		16th Apr.
"BENMHOR"	Genoa, Avonmouth, London, Rotterdam, Hamburg & Hull.	16th Feb.
"BENVANNOCH"		24th Mar.
"BENMACDHUI"	Liverpool, Glasgow, K/Wharf	28th Feb.
"BENAVON"	Dublin, Havre and Antwerp.	16th Mar.
"BENVENUE"		30th Mar.

Via Malaya, Colombo, Aden, and Suez Canal.

* Accepts Cargo for Keelung and Japan.

* Accepts Cargo for Port Sudan.

For Further Particulars, Apply To—

W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA) LTD.

Agents

Telephone: 34163

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

M.S. "MONGOLIA"

LOADING ABOUT 10th FEBRUARY

for

ADEN, PORT SAID, GENOA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG, OSLO, GOTHENBURG & COPENHAGEN

Tanks available for the carriage of oil in bulk

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

Queen's Bldg., 2nd floor.

Tel. 34111 & 34112

KLAVENESS LINE

SAILINGS

Direct to Los Angeles, in 16 days Thence San Francisco, Vancouver, Seattle & Portland

M.S. "SUNNYVILLE"	1st Feb.
M.S. "FRANCISVILLE"	28th Feb.

ARRIVALS FROM PACIFIC COAST

M.S. "CASTLEVILLE"	21st Feb.
M.S. "BOUGAINVILLE"	24th Mar.

Sailing to Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang & Batavia

M.S. "CASTLEVILLE"	23rd Feb.
--------------------	-----------

Passenger Accommodation Bulk Oil Tanks
Chinese Freight Agents Apply
BUN RUD EUNG THE BANK LINE
CHINA LTD.

King Building, Tel. 2772, 2773, 2774, 2775, 2776, 2777, 2778, 2779, 2780, 2781, 2782, 2783, 2784, 2785, 2786, 2787, 2788, 2789, 2790, 2791, 2792, 2793, 2794, 2795, 2796, 2797, 2798, 2799, 2800, 2801, 2802, 2803, 2804, 2805, 2806, 2807, 2808, 2809, 2810, 2811, 2812, 2813, 2814, 2815, 2816, 2817, 2818, 2819, 2820, 2821, 2822, 2823, 2824, 2825, 2826, 2827, 2828, 2829, 2830, 2831, 2832, 2833, 2834, 2835, 2836, 2837, 2838, 2839, 2840, 2841, 2842, 2843, 2844, 2845, 2846, 2847, 2848, 2849, 2850, 2851, 2852, 2853, 2854, 2855, 2856, 2857, 2858, 2859, 2860, 2861, 2862, 2863, 2864, 2865, 2866, 2867, 2868, 2869, 2870, 2871, 2872, 2873, 2874, 2875, 2876, 2877, 2878, 2879, 2880, 2881, 2882, 2883, 2884, 2885, 2886, 2887, 2888, 2889, 2890, 2891, 2892, 2893, 2894, 2895, 2896, 2897, 2898, 2899, 2900, 2901, 2902, 2903, 2904, 2905, 2906, 2907, 2908, 2909, 2910, 2911, 2912, 2913, 2914, 2915, 2916, 2917, 2918, 2919, 2920, 2921, 2922, 2923, 2924, 2925, 2926, 2927, 2928, 2929, 2930, 2931, 2932, 2933, 2934, 2935, 2936, 2937

